

الآن من اجل

LIBRARY

Free advice

For professional advice and ideas
about bathroom decoration,
color combinations
and fixtures call



ANAH TRADING
JEDDAH: 73585-78728
RIYADH: 27758

arab news

SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY
saudi research and marketing company

VOL. V NO. 132

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1980 JEDDAH RABI-AL-AWAL 19, 1400 A.H.

Agents for

KATO

FULLY HYDRAULIC
TRUCK CRANES

 **ROLACO**

TEL: JEDDAH 604701-54109
DAMMAM 23866
RIYADH 67236
BAGS AND BULK CEMENT - REINFORCING STEEL - EQUIPMENT

TWELVE PAGES — ONE RIYAL

Syrian force stays; Beirut tension builds

BEIRUT, Feb. 5 (AP) — Syria halted its withdrawal of peacekeeping troops from Beirut Tuesday, reducing sharp tensions that built up among Lebanon's civil war combatants in the past 24 hours.

Sniper fire cracked across the Fuad Chehab Boulevard as motorists accreched to a halt, jumped out and raced for cover. City police immediately closed the highway for traffic between Beirut's Muslim and Christian sectors.

Police spokesmen were unable to determine the source of fire or compile a quick report of casualties. They said, that traffic was normal on all other highways linking the two halves of the war-divided Lebanese capital.

This was the fourth incident of violence since the Syrians announced their pullout plans from Beirut.

Armed gunmen waited in three different spots where they thought the Syrians had vacated peacekeeping posts Tuesday. Each side wanted to win control of the positions and the steel-helmeted Syrians had to quell the quarrels. Three gunmen were hospitalized.

Militiamen in checkered fatigues have since been milling around Syrian positions in the mostly Muslim west Beirut, ready to move in if the Syrians moved out.

Spokesmen for rightist militia in mostly Christian east Beirut reported their forces were put on "maximum alert." But they said the measure was only a precaution and that they do not intend to rekindle the civil war.

There were no reports of fresh violence in the divided Lebanese capital.

Syria formally told the Lebanese government Monday that its decision to pull its peacekeeping forces from mid-city buffer zones separating warring Muslim and Christian militias in the Beirut area was "irreversible."

But Syrian President Hafez Assad ordered the pullout delayed for a few days to help the Lebanese government of President Elias Sarkis avert a potential security vacuum.

Assad's freeze of the withdrawal followed unexpected trips to Damascus by Lebanese Prime Minister Salim Hoss, and Palestine Liberation Organization Chairman Yasser Arafat.

The Damascus rush reflected the alarm that the Syrian pullout decision caused in the Arab world.

Official explanations of the Syrian move still are sketchy. Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam Monday told reporters the decision was taken "for the sake of both countries." But he did not elaborate.

The government controlled Damascus daily *Tahrir* said "Syria will not tolerate a transformation of Lebanon into a trap in the hands of the Camp David parties to bleed Syria and expose its troops."

Well-informed sources here said Syria is fearful of an Israeli attack through its soft underbelly in Lebanon's eastern Bekaa Valley, which is generally considered a virtual military corridor to Damascus, the Syrian capital.

"Syria has reliable information that Israel plans to deal such a blow," said Khaddam in a report published Tuesday by Beirut's *Al Safir*, which has access to the senior echelons of Syria's ruling Socialist Baath Party.

"Syria is in full coordination with the Soviet Union to cope with this eventuality. This coordination included the decision to pull out from Beirut," Khaddam said, according to *Al Safir*.

The Syrians were reported to have informed the Lebanese government that troops withdrawn from Beirut would be reassembled in the Bekaa Valley to strengthen Syrian defense against Israel.

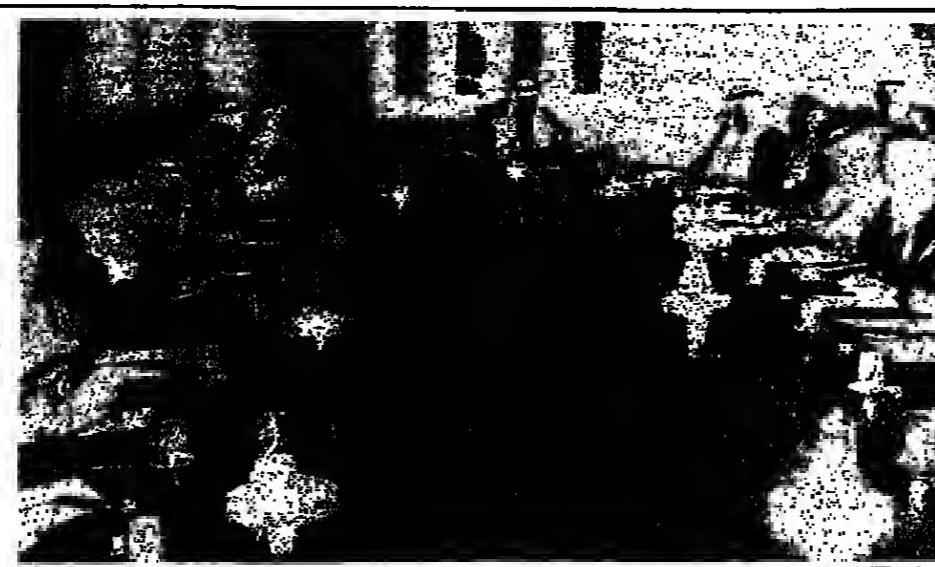
Of the overall 22,000-strong Syrian peacekeeping army in Lebanon, an estimated 5,000 are deployed in Beirut and its immediate suburbs.

They have thinned our their presence in the Muslim sector and the suburbs of the Christian sector. But preparations that were visible underway for an immediate pullout Monday were not in sight Tuesday.

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT Feasibility Studies Planning & fruit farms Installation for: greenhouse vegetable production modern irrigation

Huud 24886 - Jeddah 804681 - Al Khobar 8844208 - Yanbu 043223124

URDCO
Urban and Rural Development Company



COUNCIL : The Council of Ministers meeting under chairmanship of Crown Prince Fahd Tuesday. Education policy and recent diplomatic visits to the country were major subjects on the agenda.

Brzezinski leaves

Leaders mull Soviet threat

RIYADH, Feb. 5 (AP) — U.S. National Security Adviser Zbigniew Brzezinski and Saudi Arabian leaders agreed Tuesday in their appraisals of the threat posed to Gulf nations by the Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan, an American spokesman announced.

The spokesman, reading from an official American statement on the talks, said Brzezinski and Saudi Arabian leaders also were in accord on the significance of the "continuing instability caused by the Arab-Israeli-Palestinian problem." The statement was issued after two days of talks Brzezinski held in Riyadh with Saudi Crown Prince Fahd ibn Abdul Aziz and Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi Press Agency said that Brzezinski's talks "dealt with the Middle East, international developments and bilateral ties."

As Brzezinski was departing, official American sources announced a U.S. Navy F-14 jet from the aircraft carrier *Nimitz* — not an Iranian interceptor — approached a special plane carrying the security adviser.

The source, traveling with the Brzezinski party, said reports that his plane had been intercepted by an Iranian F-14 were dismissed as "totally erroneous" by the National Military Command Center in Washington.

The Saudi

Arab News Local

Planning minister says

Cabinet is examining where women may work

JEDDAH, Feb. 5 — The Council of Ministers has decided that it is necessary that women work. Planning Minister Hisham Nazer says that discussions were not on whether a woman should or should not work, but on where she can work in conformity with the Sharia.

In an interview published Tuesday in *Al-Riyadh*, it was put to Sheikh Hisham that the present education policy for women concentrates on graduating teachers, which will result in the long run to work as clerks or other workers.

Sheikh Hisham said that this was a highly important point. The Council of Ministers has set up a committee to decide the posts to which women may be appointed in accordance with the Sharia. It will then direct girls' education according to areas of need.

He was asked why some people use all the latest products and drive the latest cars. It

resulted from the government's desire to make the public enjoy the wealth of their country, but would the concentration of the Third Plan on productive industry make the public comply?

He replied that the second plan concentrated on building public works, or basic services, which are the foundation of development. Housing, health, roads, telephones, electricity, desalination plants and many other projects by the government are for the benefit of the public and free them from investing in these things.

The Third Plan, through, will decrease investment in basic services and concentrate in productive industries, he said.

There is a general concern about rising rates of consumption resulting from development in the country. Now roads in agricultural areas, for example, were intended to raise investment in agricultural projects and

increase production, Sheikh Hisham said. But the reverse happens. Easy transport means that imported goods can be delivered to areas they could not reach in the past, increasing imports. Increasing individual incomes are always accompanied by the use of additional things.

Saudi Arabia faced a shortage of manpower in the First and Second Plans, he was asked. What will happen when the huge industrial complexes are completed. The import of tens of thousands of foreign workers?

Don't be alarmed, Sheikh Hisham replied. The Third Plan will need more workers, that is true, but foreign manpower will be cut back by about 55 per cent instead. Here is how.

Most of the foreigners we have here are working in construction. When development projects are completed large numbers of them will leave the country. They are to be

replaced by more qualified but fewer workers to run industry.

He said that in building industries two factors were taken into consideration, and later a third emerged. The two basic factors are: established industries should increase their income regardless of costs, and they should be capital intensive industries with minimum of workers. The third factor is that the majority of these industries should not depend on the consumption of large quantities of water.

Besides, the workers who will run the industries can easily be replaced. There are now about 13,000 Saudi Arabian students in the United States alone, 40,000 in Saudi Arabian universities and many others in European, Middle Eastern and Far Eastern countries, Sheikh Hisham said.

He added that training Saudi Arabians in vocational schools is a long term affair. Saudi Arabia has so far achieved 100 per cent Saudiization at the Kharj arms factory. The majority of Saudi plants are now Saudi Arabians, and over 80 per cent of those involved in oil-related work are our nationals, he said.

The Royal Commission for Jubail and Yanbu has adopted a policy of Saudiization, which in the long term will solve the problem. There are many vocational schools, but were do the trainees from these institutions go?

So far, not many people have joined vocational centers, and graduates mostly go to the Ministry of Defense.

Al-Riyadh said the Real Estate Development Fund grants million to those who have millions, grants loans to people who have land. Good, and the government had allocated over SR30 billion for this. None of that goes to citizens who do not have either money or land.

Sheikh Hisham replied that the whole development housing is not reflected in the Real Estate Development Fund's activities. They are part of an entire housing program which includes housing projects established by the government, which are granted to people who do not own land.

Government housing projects are to be distributed to those who have not been granted loans and who do not own land.

Arab airline chiefs discuss cooperation

JEDDAH, Feb. 5 (SPA) — Aviation experts from five major Arab airlines opened meetings here Tuesday to discuss improving cooperation.

The five companies are Saudia, Kuwait Airways, Alia, Gulf Air and Middle East Airlines, according to SPA.

Opening the four-day meeting, Saudi General Manager Ahmad Matar hailed the efforts of airline representatives at cooperation in technical services.

He said the committee will discuss specific long-term objectives among the companies, including the unification of types and specifications, as well as the distribution and exchange of technical services.

The meeting is the continuation of a conference of general managers of the companies that was held in Bahrain in July.

An Islamic experts group on civil aviation is meanwhile scheduled to meet at the Organization of the Islamic Conference here next week to discuss cooperation and coordination among airlines of the 41 member states.

WEATHER

The northern and parts of the eastern, central and western regions will be affected by low air pressure. Thick cloud will cover these areas, with possible scattered thunderstorms.

Winds will be southerly and moderate. They will become active in the southern and central regions, causing sand haze. They will convert to northerly in north-westerly in the western region.

Sea conditions will be choppy to medium in the Red Sea and moderate in the Gulf.

Tuesday's temperatures: (maximum,

minimum in centigrade)		
Mecca	28	19
Jeddah	27	20
Riyadh	27	11
Dhahran	22	11
Medina	33	11
Taif	23	09
Jizan	30	22
Hail	18	07
Turaif	13	02
Arar	17	00
Jouf	14	01
Abha	19	10

AL GHAZAL studio

UNDER-DASH, HI-FI/HI POWER AUTO REVERSE CASSETTE CAR STEREO

CK-2000

ALPINE CAR STEREO

- Locking fast forward & rewind • Power level meter
- Booster switch • Loudness contour • Separate bass & treble • 25W + 25W (with floating ground) • 4-way fader & balance • Dolby® noise reduction • Cassette auto reverse
- Tape direction indicators • METAL-CrO₂-FeCr switch

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT THE AGENT IN THE KINGDOM
AL GHAZAL STUDIO
SHARAFIYAH STREET, P.O. BOX 5950 - TEL: 30342, JEDDAH
DISTRIBUTORS IN THE KINGDOM SOUND OF MUSIC MEDINA ROAD
TEL: 02-2000000, 02-2000001, 02-2000002, 02-2000003, 02-2000004, 02-2000005, 02-2000006, 02-2000007, 02-2000008, 02-2000009, 02-2000010, 02-2000011, 02-2000012, 02-2000013, 02-2000014, 02-2000015, 02-2000016, 02-2000017, 02-2000018, 02-2000019, 02-2000020, 02-2000021, 02-2000022, 02-2000023, 02-2000024, 02-2000025, 02-2000026, 02-2000027, 02-2000028, 02-2000029, 02-2000030, 02-2000031, 02-2000032, 02-2000033, 02-2000034, 02-2000035, 02-2000036, 02-2000037, 02-2000038, 02-2000039, 02-2000040, 02-2000041, 02-2000042, 02-2000043, 02-2000044, 02-2000045, 02-2000046, 02-2000047, 02-2000048, 02-2000049, 02-2000050, 02-2000051, 02-2000052, 02-2000053, 02-2000054, 02-2000055, 02-2000056, 02-2000057, 02-2000058, 02-2000059, 02-2000060, 02-2000061, 02-2000062, 02-2000063, 02-2000064, 02-2000065, 02-2000066, 02-2000067, 02-2000068, 02-2000069, 02-2000070, 02-2000071, 02-2000072, 02-2000073, 02-2000074, 02-2000075, 02-2000076, 02-2000077, 02-2000078, 02-2000079, 02-2000080, 02-2000081, 02-2000082, 02-2000083, 02-2000084, 02-2000085, 02-2000086, 02-2000087, 02-2000088, 02-2000089, 02-2000090, 02-2000091, 02-2000092, 02-2000093, 02-2000094, 02-2000095, 02-2000096, 02-2000097, 02-2000098, 02-2000099, 02-2000100, 02-2000101, 02-2000102, 02-2000103, 02-2000104, 02-2000105, 02-2000106, 02-2000107, 02-2000108, 02-2000109, 02-2000110, 02-2000111, 02-2000112, 02-2000113, 02-2000114, 02-2000115, 02-2000116, 02-2000117, 02-2000118, 02-2000119, 02-2000120, 02-2000121, 02-2000122, 02-2000123, 02-2000124, 02-2000125, 02-2000126, 02-2000127, 02-2000128, 02-2000129, 02-2000130, 02-2000131, 02-2000132, 02-2000133, 02-2000134, 02-2000135, 02-2000136, 02-2000137, 02-2000138, 02-2000139, 02-2000140, 02-2000141, 02-2000142, 02-2000143, 02-2000144, 02-2000145, 02-2000146, 02-2000147, 02-2000148, 02-2000149, 02-2000150, 02-2000151, 02-2000152, 02-2000153, 02-2000154, 02-2000155, 02-2000156, 02-2000157, 02-2000158, 02-2000159, 02-2000160, 02-2000161, 02-2000162, 02-2000163, 02-2000164, 02-2000165, 02-2000166, 02-2000167, 02-2000168, 02-2000169, 02-2000170, 02-2000171, 02-2000172, 02-2000173, 02-2000174, 02-2000175, 02-2000176, 02-2000177, 02-2000178, 02-2000179, 02-2000180, 02-2000181, 02-2000182, 02-2000183, 02-2000184, 02-2000185, 02-2000186, 02-2000187, 02-2000188, 02-2000189, 02-2000190, 02-2000191, 02-2000192, 02-2000193, 02-2000194, 02-2000195, 02-2000196, 02-2000197, 02-2000198, 02-2000199, 02-2000200, 02-2000201, 02-2000202, 02-2000203, 02-2000204, 02-2000205, 02-2000206, 02-2000207, 02-2000208, 02-2000209, 02-2000210, 02-2000211, 02-2000212, 02-2000213, 02-2000214, 02-2000215, 02-2000216, 02-2000217, 02-2000218, 02-2000219, 02-2000220, 02-2000221, 02-2000222, 02-2000223, 02-2000224, 02-2000225, 02-2000226, 02-2000227, 02-2000228, 02-2000229, 02-2000230, 02-2000231, 02-2000232, 02-2000233, 02-2000234, 02-2000235, 02-2000236, 02-2000237, 02-2000238, 02-2000239, 02-2000240, 02-2000241, 02-2000242, 02-2000243, 02-2000244, 02-2000245, 02-2000246, 02-2000247, 02-2000248, 02-2000249, 02-2000250, 02-2000251, 02-2000252, 02-2000253, 02-2000254, 02-2000255, 02-2000256, 02-2000257, 02-2000258, 02-2000259, 02-2000260, 02-2000261, 02-2000262, 02-2000263, 02-2000264, 02-2000265, 02-2000266, 02-2000267, 02-2000268, 02-2000269, 02-2000270, 02-2000271, 02-2000272, 02-2000273, 02-2000274, 02-2000275, 02-2000276, 02-2000277, 02-2000278, 02-2000279, 02-2000280, 02-2000281, 02-2000282, 02-2000283, 02-2000284, 02-2000285, 02-2000286, 02-2000287, 02-2000288, 02-2000289, 02-2000290, 02-2000291, 02-2000292, 02-2000293, 02-2000294, 02-2000295, 02-2000296, 02-2000297, 02-2000298, 02-2000299, 02-2000300, 02-2000301, 02-2000302, 02-2000303, 02-2000304, 02-2000305, 02-2000306, 02-2000307, 02-2000308, 02-2000309, 02-2000310, 02-2000311, 02-2000312, 02-2000313, 02-2000314, 02-2000315, 02-2000316, 02-2000317, 02-2000318, 02-2000319, 02-2000320, 02-2000321, 02-2000322, 02-2000323, 02-2000324, 02-2000325, 02-2000326, 02-2000327, 02-2000328, 02-2000329, 02-2000330, 02-2000331, 02-2000332, 02-2000333, 02-2000334, 02-2000335, 02-2000336, 02-2000337, 02-2000338, 02-2000339, 02-2000340, 02-2000341, 02-2000342, 02-2000343, 02-2000344, 02-2000345, 02-2000346, 02-2000347, 02-2000348, 02-2000349, 02-2000350, 02-2000351, 02-2000352, 02-2000353, 02-2000354, 02-2000355, 02-2000356, 02-2000357, 02-2000358, 02-2000359, 02-2000360, 02-2000361, 02-2000362, 02-2000363, 02-2000364, 02-2000365, 02-2000366, 02-2000367, 02-2000368, 02-2000369, 02-2000

Numeiri dissolves parliament

KHARTOUM, Feb. 5 (AP) — President Jaafar Numeiri has dissolved parliament and the regional legislative assembly of South Sudan as a prelude for conducting new elections.

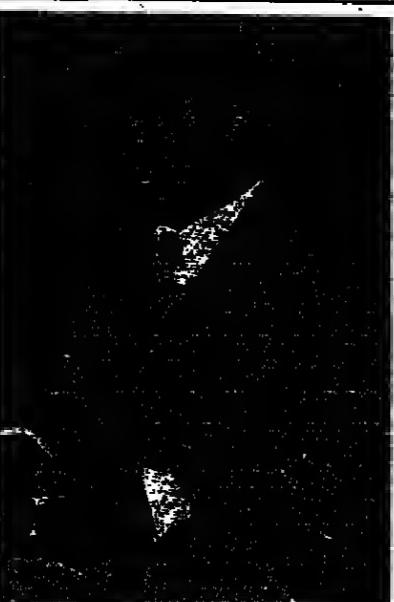
A republican decree issued here Monday said Numeiri took the move in light of elections adopted recently by the National Congress of the Sudanese Socialist Union (SSU), the country's only authorized political party.

The congress concluded eight-day meetings last week.

Numieri appointed a 12-man committee headed by Lt. Gen. Abdul-Majid Elamid, the first vice president and defense minister, to supervise the elections for both houses within 60 days starting Monday.

The two houses were to have continued for two more years but the National Congress recommended new elections as part of a political and economic reform plan.

The decree said an autonomy system applied in South Sudan would be revised because it had gaps which led to dispute during recent months. No other details were given.



President Numeiri

Numieri who heads the SSU, is trying to reconcile his differences with his political foes and the elections are hoped in giving them a say in running the country within his ruling party.

The move is also intended to bring a more efficient administration that can tackle the country's economic problems and alleviate public dissatisfaction resulting from price increases imposed by the government on gasoline and food products.

Trade unions and government employees staged a series of strikes recently in protest the hikes.

Nomadic life isn't the same as Sahara trek gets tougher

EL OBEID, Western Sudan, Feb. 5 (OFNS) — "The young boys of today are naughty. They don't want to live our life any more and many have run away to work in Libya."

The wizened old nomad frowned as he said it, glancing behind at the group of elders, as if seeking support.

Sheikh Elobeid el Amin Akam is nazir (chief) of the Shennabla, one of several tribes which still wander across the vastness of the eastern Sahara. Their seasonal journeys take them over well-defined routes in the western Sudan from Kordofan and Darfur into Chad and Libya, and even Upper Egypt.

The "young boys" about whom the chief spoke so disparagingly are all nearing their thirties — men who have grown tired of the harsh, unchanging life of the camel-rearing nomads, which they believe has no future. Instead they go to seek material benefits, such as those the oilfields of Libya can offer.

There is no doubt that life for nomads

on the fringe of the Sahara is getting tougher — even the old men admit it. Those like the nazir, who have spent their whole lives in the endless search for grazing, increasingly complain of being hemmed in by development projects.

On their annual migrations they often find traditional routes sealed off by huge, mechanized farms.

During the last two years they have come across a new obstacle drilling sites, where Western concessionaires are exploring for the high-quality oil known to exist under the sands of Kordofan.

Sudan is in the grip of its worst-ever financial crisis, and the nit search takes precedence over rights of way.

Such considerations are well beyond the ken of the nomads, however. They follow set migration routes year after year, never straying into the territory of other tribes.

Most are away from "base" for nine months a year. Schooling is out of the question for their children, and health services are non-existent.

AL OBEID, Western Sudan, Feb. 5 (OFNS) — "The young boys of today are naughty. They don't want to live our life any more and many have run away to work in Libya."

The wizened old nomad frowned as he said it, glancing behind at the group of elders, as if seeking support.

Sheikh Elobeid el Amin Akam is nazir (chief) of the Shennabla, one of several tribes which still wander across the vastness of the eastern Sahara. Their seasonal journeys take them over well-defined routes in the western Sudan from Kordofan and Darfur into Chad and Libya, and even Upper Egypt.

The "young boys" about whom the chief spoke so disparagingly are all nearing their thirties — men who have grown tired of the harsh, unchanging life of the camel-rearing nomads, which they believe has no future. Instead they go to seek material benefits, such as those the oilfields of Libya can offer.

There is no doubt that life for nomads

arab news Middle East

To record low

Begin's popularity plummets

TEL AVIV, Feb. 5 (R) — The popularity of Israeli Prime Minister Menahem Begin has reached an all-time low, according to an opinion poll published Tuesday by the daily *Jerusalem Post*.

It said that only 24.2 per cent of Israelis questioned said Begin was suited to be prime minister, compared with 27.5 last November.

The poll, conducted last month, said labor opposition leader Shimon Peres' popularity has increased from 13.8 to 16.5 per cent.

In a separate development, Begin Monday stepped into a growing row over desecration of Christian shrines in Jerusalem by Jewish vandals and promised action to stop it.

"The authorities will not tolerate acts of this kind," he said in a statement. "By the laws of Israel all faiths enjoy absolute freedom of worship, protection of their property and access to shrines."

His statement followed complaints by Christian clergymen that Israeli authorities had done little to hunt down Jewish extremists who have desecrated the shrines in recent weeks.

The vandals have smashed stained glass windows, defaced tombstones and daubed Christian bookshops with the words "pigs", "bloodsuckers", "missionaries". Some clergymen have been spat upon and threatened. Damage is estimated at between \$2,000 and \$3,000.

Begin claimed that religious tolerance had been exercised during the 13 years since Israel captured Arab East Jerusalem.

"The authorities will therefore do their utmost to prevent a recurrence of such criminal acts," Begin said.

Christian churchmen have recently criticized Begin for not taking a public stand on the issue. Their criticism echoed complaints from other quarters in Israel that the Begin government consistently took a lenient view of Jewish extremism.

Newspapers and politicians have cited police inaction against the ultra-orthodox Tunisian minister in Algeria for talks

ALGIERS, Feb. 5 (R) — Tunisian Information and Culture Minister Fuad M'baza arrived unexpectedly in Algiers Monday, informed sources said.

They said M'baza would discuss with Algerian leaders last week's raid on the southern Tunisian town of Gafsa in which 41 persons were killed, according to Tunisian figures.

First accounts of the raid from Tunisia said guerrillas trained in Libya were responsible and that they had crossed the border from Algeria, but Algeria said it had not detected any suspicious movements in the region near Gafsa.

Tunisian President Habib Bourguiba said later in an interview with French television that it was not certain whether the raiders had come from Algeria.

Jews who regularly throw rocks at motor traffic on a highway running close by Jerusalem's religious quarter.

Critics say Jewish extremist lawbreaking is openly tolerated while Arab nationalist offenses are vigorously prosecuted.

No move has been taken against Jewish women demonstrators who for months have been in unauthorized occupation of a building in Hebron. The extremist Gush Emunim settler movement was allowed to flaunt orders by both the supreme court and by the government before finally being removed Sunday from controversial Elon Moreh settlement on the West Bank.

The authorities will not tolerate acts of this kind," he said in a statement. "By the laws of Israel all faiths enjoy absolute freedom of worship, protection of their property and access to shrines."

His statement followed complaints by Christian clergymen that Israeli authorities had done little to hunt down Jewish extremists who have desecrated the shrines in recent weeks.

The vandals have smashed stained glass windows, defaced tombstones and daubed Christian bookshops with the words "pigs", "bloodsuckers", "missionaries". Some clergymen have been spat upon and threatened. Damage is estimated at between \$2,000 and \$3,000.

Begin claimed that religious tolerance had been exercised during the 13 years since Israel captured Arab East Jerusalem.

"The authorities will therefore do their utmost to prevent a recurrence of such criminal acts," Begin said.

Christian churchmen have recently criticized Begin for not taking a public stand on the issue. Their criticism echoed complaints from other quarters in Israel that the Begin government consistently took a lenient view of Jewish extremism.

Newspapers and politicians have cited police inaction against the ultra-orthodox Tunisian minister in Algeria for talks

ALGIERS, Feb. 5 (R) — Tunisian Information and Culture Minister Fuad M'baza arrived unexpectedly in Algiers Monday, informed sources said.

They said M'baza would discuss with Algerian leaders last week's raid on the southern Tunisian town of Gafsa in which 41 persons were killed, according to Tunisian figures.

First accounts of the raid from Tunisia said guerrillas trained in Libya were responsible and that they had crossed the border from Algeria, but Algeria said it had not detected any suspicious movements in the region near Gafsa.

Tunisian President Habib Bourguiba said later in an interview with French television that it was not certain whether the raiders had come from Algeria.

In his Washington talks, he said, "the idea is to try to activate some American interest in the Cyprus problem, because as everyone knows the United States exercises some influence in Ankara," the capital of Turkey.

Qaddafi plans visit to Iran

TRIPOLI, Feb. 5 (AP) — Libyan leader Muammar Qaddafi, has announced that he will visit Iran as soon as Abolhassan Bani-Sadr, Iran's president-elect, has taken up his post.

Libya's JANA news agency said Qad-

dafi made the announcement Monday at a meeting of the country's revolutionary committees. It quoted him as saying he was looking forward to a long meeting with Iran's revolutionary religious leader Ayatollah Khomeini with whom he said he had a spiritual relationship.

Change of Address Notice

The Head Office of Middle East,

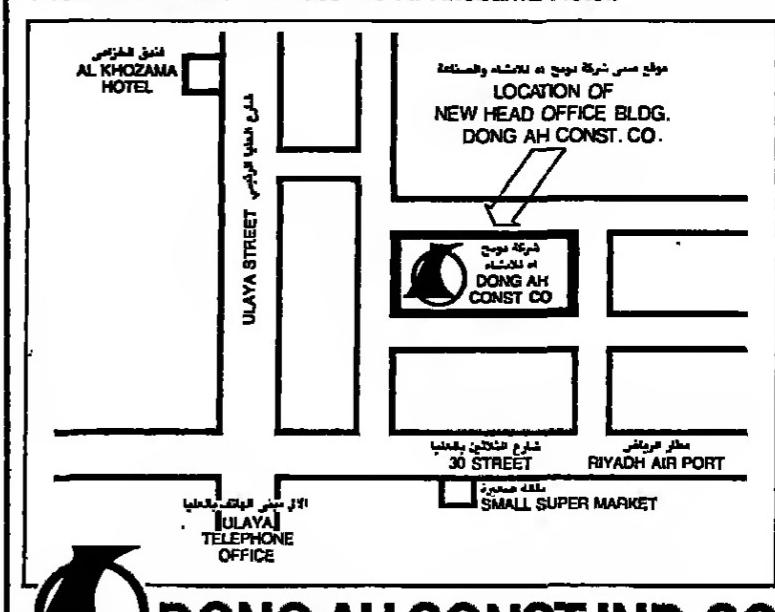
Dong Ah Const. Ind. Co., Ltd. Riyadh is happy to announce that as from 1st February, 1980 (H1400/3/14), its office in Riyadh will be housed in the new building located at Al-Ulaya as shown on sketch hereunder.

30 St. Al-Ulaya, Riyadh

Telephone : 4646600

(Telex and P.O. Box No. unchanged)

The office premises stand facing 30 street leaving one block and three Minutes walk across the Al-Khozama Hotel.



Luxurious & Powerful Jeep Cars

Model
1980

DAIHATSU

For rugged and sandy roads



Highly experienced
technicians
for servicing
of your Cars

All spare parts are available

AGENCY:

HAMAD AL-NASIR AL-HATTANI & BROTHERS



JEDDAH: Mecca Road Kilo 7 Tel: 70103 - 71765

RIYADH: South Youth Square Tel: 68924 - 4780502

DAMMAM: Dammam-Al-Kubar Road Tel: 331145

GULF OIL & LUBRICANTS DIVISION
SIRAJ H.ZAHRAH & CO.

Al-Khobar: P.O. Box 218, Dhahran Airport,
Tel: 8648076, Telex: 400257 Gulf SJ.

ALL ROUND LUBRICATION
AND PROTECTION

Cambodia, Vietnam top U.S. report as major violators of human rights

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 (AP) — The U.S. State Department, analyzing human rights around the globe, reported that Cambodia, Vietnam and North Korea were among the most violently repressive countries in the world.

The 154-nation study released Tuesday said conditions generally have improved in Africa and Latin America. It was sharply critical of the Soviet Union, estimating the number of political prisoners between 2,000 and 11,000 and stating that the Kremlin regime "recognizes no right to any opinion or

behavior it chooses to regard as deviant."

Although torture in the Soviet Union is "less prevalent" than before, the report said Soviet prosecutors have not failed to convict prisoners accused of political crimes in the 62-year history of the revolution.

The report said there were "impressive strides" in 1979 in the building of international constitutions for protecting human rights.

The study cited as one example a bill by African nations for a permanent Pan-African human rights study as well as the new Ameri-

can convention on human rights, which sets forth standards for members of the organization of American states.

Among non-Communist countries, the report was perhaps most critical of South Africa where, it said, the non-white majority "suffer pervasive discrimination in all areas of life" their basic human rights are systematically violated.

The annual report previously was limited to analyses of recipients of U.S. military and economic aid but this year was broadened to include all countries. The report was required each year under a provision of the Foreign Assistance Act.

China, the report said, has a mixed record. There has been "movement in the direction of greater freedoms" in the years since the death of Mao Tse-Tung, including a livelier press, a formal legal system and some tolerance of dissent.

"But reforms have not yet broken the entrenched pattern of harassment, arbitrary arrest and harsh punishment for political dissent," the department said.

In Eastern Europe, the report said East Germans are "rightly counseled" in all aspects of their lives while in Czechoslovakia, "overt opposition in any field is punished." On the other hand, the government in Hungary and Poland were said to be more tolerant of dissent than some of their Communist neighbors.

Outside the Soviet-led Warsaw pact, Communist Albania was found to be "marked by xenophobia, a harsh brand of Marxism, militant atheism and a singular and abiding respect for Joseph Stalin." Many of the country-by-country reports refrain from judgments. For the most part, accounts provided by human rights groups and other sources are outlined without comment.

The closest the group will probably get to Cambodia is a road leading from the Thai border town of Aranyaprathet to a bridge across a stream marking the frontier. Ultman described that road as "the same one that led to the gas chambers of Nazi Germany."

The marchers and the co-organizers, a French group called "Medicins Sans Frontieres," said their march is designed to get more medical aid into Cambodia, point out that other means to get relief supplies into the country must be tried and to refocus attention on the problem.

The marchers had originally hoped to enter Cambodia from Thailand but this plan has been abandoned and the 20 truckloads of supplies destined for the delivery inside Cambodia will be handed over to the Thai Red Cross for distribution to displaced Thais and Cambodians, according to spokesman Robert P. DeVecchi of the International Rescue Committee.

The Closest the group will probably get to

Cambodia is a road leading from the Thai

border town of Aranyaprathet to a bridge

across a stream marking the frontier. Ultman

described that road as "the same one that led

to the gas chambers of Nazi Germany."

The marchers and the co-organizers, a French group called "Medicins Sans Frontieres," said their march is designed to get more medical aid into Cambodia, point out that other means to get relief supplies into the country must be tried and to refocus attention on the problem.

Socialists to discuss East-West problems

VIENNA, Feb. 5 (AP) — Socialist party leaders from 25 countries were to open a two-day meeting in Vienna Wednesday, hoping to work out their own response to growing East-West problems.

"I am not for a middle way," said Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky, returning on the eve of the Socialist International Conference from a five-country tour many expected to play a key role in the debate.

Kreisky, who was to lead political debate at the conference, said the Soviets should be blamed for the move into Afghanistan "so that they don't start to think in a false direction and to believe it will all be over in a few days."

"On the other hand," Kreisky said, "one must also see what's at stake and not stumble into the cold war and sit it up oneself."

"That won't work," Kreisky said. "There will be a strengthened movement toward armament. It will be hard enough here to practice a reasonable and considered politics."

Former West German Chancellor Willy Brandt is president of the Socialist International and was to head its two-day meeting in a Vienna hotel. World politics, arms controls



Chancellor Kreisky
and energy were main topics on the agenda.
Brandt, arriving in Vienna Tuesday, hinted that the organization would resist joining the American-led program of moves against the Soviet Union.

"We didn't make reduction of tension in

Afghanistan but in our part of the world," he said.

"When it goes wrong, I am therefore not for playing with the measure of stability that we have achieved in Europe."

Brandt said it should be made clear that "flagrant aggressions which go against human rights cannot be accepted."

Kreisky, in a meeting with reporters, said the Afghanistan situation "has mobilized an Islamic world in a manner that people here in Europe have no way of conceiving."

In what appeared to be a reference to the Soviet Union's population north of Afghanistan, Kreisky noted that the Islamic movement had also affected countries which also had Islamic minorities.

"All that is very, very much more complicated than you think," he said.

Kreisky returned to Austria from Saudi Arabia, the last of the five countries on his tour.

Kreisky, who caused an uproar over last year's Socialist international gathering by arranging talks with Yasser Arafat, head of the Palestine Liberation Organization, indicated in an interview in Riyadh that the Palestinian issue could come up again in Vienna.

Ruled by blacks since 1963

Kenya's racial harmony a model for Africa

NAIROBI, Feb. 5 (AP) — As they move toward black-majority rule, Rhodesians have been seeking advice on their future here in Kenya, whose campaign for independence from Britain was marked by terrorism and guerrilla war against whites but now is regarded as a model of racial harmony in Africa.

At least two Rhodesian delegations have visited Kenya looking for ways to avoid racial and economic disturbances after elections

About 13,000 blacks and fewer than 100 Europeans were killed during an eight-year state of emergency. Panicky whites predicted darkness and death prior to independence on Dec. 12, 1963. Thousands fled to Britain, Rhodesia or South Africa.

A white Kenyan who once was a member of the colony's war council, was pelted back then with eggs, tomatoes and 30 pieces of silver by angry settlers when he returned from Britain and openly accepted black majority rule. But Blundell stayed on and prospered in business.

"In those days, Kenya was like Rhodesia is today. I came to the conclusion that the white people could survive only with African support," Blundell said in an interview on the veranda of his Nairobi home recently.

"About 30 per cent of the whites felt there would be some difficulties but I had confidence. Others feared confiscation of property and reverse discrimination and felt it was impossible to stay on," he said. Before independence, about 3,500 whites controlled some 7.5 million acres of prime farmland. Fewer than 800,000 acres are still in white hands.

Britain provided support to the black Kenyan government to buy nearly three million acres at fair market prices from white owners and transfer the land to blacks.

The process, for the most part, took place peacefully and with satisfaction on both sides.

About 70,000 whites are in the country today, more than before independence. Most, however, are newcomers on temporary contracts for international companies and agencies. An estimated 5,000 to 15,000 are colonials who remained after independence.

Whites are in virtually every economic sector. There are white judges, lawyers, doctors, teachers, corporation heads, shopkeepers and even a few farmers.

There are white mechanics, bank tellers or civil servants. This is a hold over from colonial days — whites in the upper strata skilled Asians in the middle and Kenyans on the bottom. It's different again from Rhodesia, where whites hold ordinary jobs as auto mechanics, meter maid and shop clerks.

Many whites live comfortably in homes with gardens and servants. There are also modern theater clubs, country clubs and golf courses that made Kenyans complain about a lack of African culture.

Whites, blacks and browns rub shoulders in shops, restaurants, movie theaters and clubs. Their children go to school together, they worship in the same churches.

NOW IN RIYADH

FINN CRISP



LICORICE



PANDA CHOCOLATES

AVAILABLE AT
1. THE GREENHOUSE
AIRPORT ROAD
2. NAJED SUPERMARKET
3. PANDA SUPERMARKET
SOLE AGENTS:
ELITE WORLD,
OPP. AIRPORT TERMINAL,
TEL: 53441, JEDDAH.



A GATHERING OF TUBISTS: Members of the Miami, Florida, Tuba Club refer to their monthly musical get-togethers as "Blow-ins." This recent session was held outdoors.

Held 2 days in union protest

Delayed Aeroflot jet departs U.S. airport

NEW YORK, Feb. 5 (AP) — An agreement to end a two-day delay in the takeoff of a Moscow-bound jet carrying 76 passengers has been reached between the Soviet airline Aeroflot and operators of Kennedy International Airport.

Pan American World Airways had suspended its contract to handle terminal and ground services for Aeroflot on Jan. 25 after Teamsters Union baggage handlers and grounds crew began boycotting Aeroflot.

The Port Authority said Aeroflot also agreed that, until it is able to contract for new ground service arrangements here, it will clear planes for any necessary special landings here with the bi-state agency, which will review any such requests with the State Department.

The agreement ended a growing dispute between the two governments over the refusal of crews to service the jet that landed here Sunday, despite orders from the Port Authority to land at Dulles Airport in Washington, D.C. It was known why the plane's crew ignored the order.

"The crudest sort of provocation is taking place against the Soviet aircraft, which must be viewed as part of the unrelenting campaign aimed at interfering with the normal air communications between the Soviet Union and the United States," the Soviet news agency Tass had said.

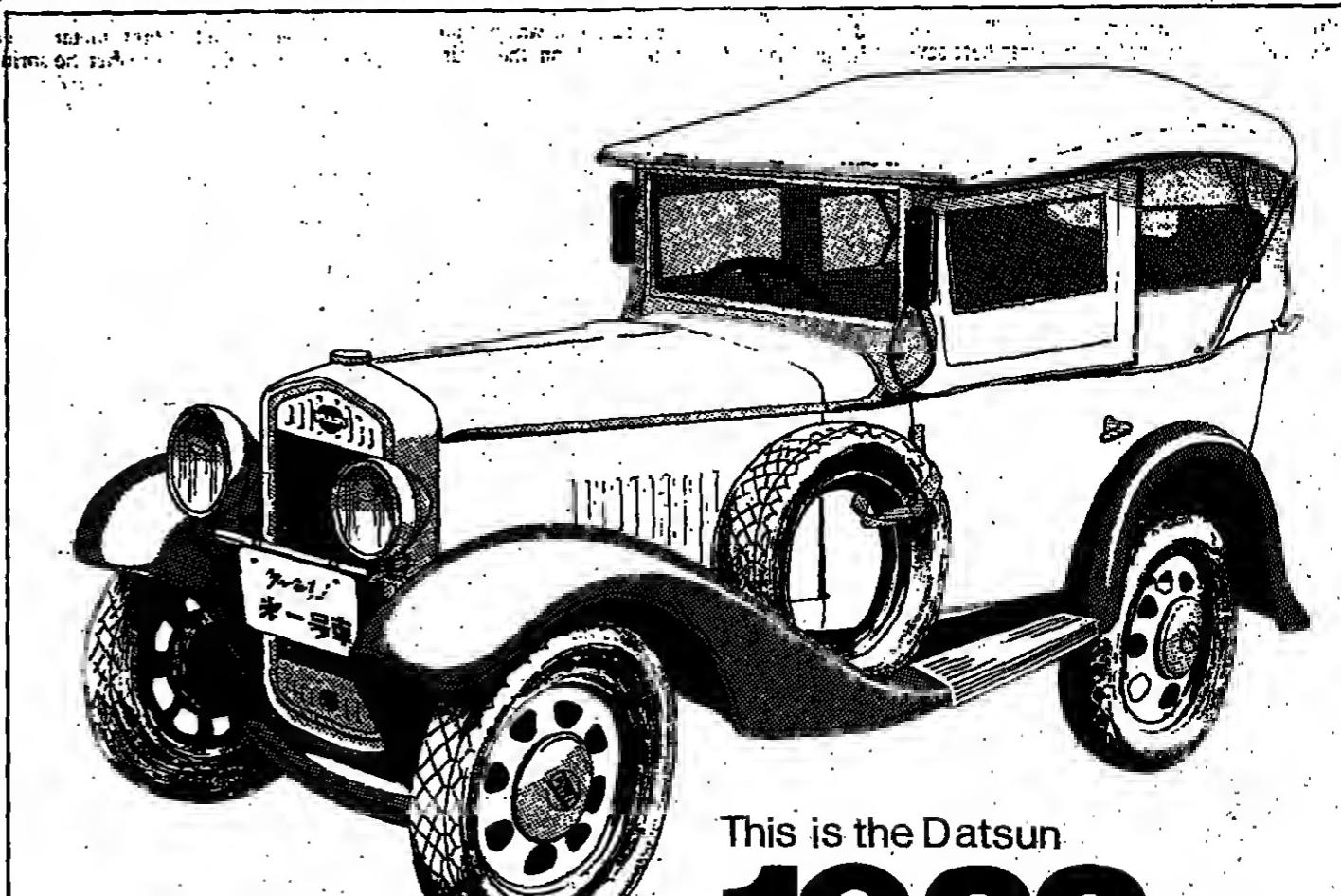
The campaign of "unprecedented

actions," the Soviets said, was being launched "with the knowledge of official U.S. authorities," and was in "direct violation of the U.S.-U.S.S.R. International agreement on air traffic."

In Washington, the State Department said Monday that the U.S.-Soviet air agreement does not require it to provide ground service for Aeroflot planes. Department spokesman Hodding Carter said the Soviets were told a week ago that they would have to make alternate arrangements for ground maintenance if they wanted to continue to fly to Kennedy. Department officials said maintenance was available to Aeroflot at Dulles Airport outside Washington.

In an earlier incident involving Aeroflot, a Kennedy-bound flight carrying Anatoly Dobrynin, the Soviet Ambassador to the United Nations, was routed through airspace reserved for other traffic on Jan. 18 after important data was erased from an airport computer.

Federal officials have subpoenaed several air-traffic controllers in an effort to determine if the erasure was deliberate.



This is the Datsun **1932**

model.

The latest Datsun/Nissan

1980

model will be on show
at Al-Gosaibi Motor Show
AL-KHOBAR,
from Sat. 2nd to Friday
8th February 1980.

SIRAJ ZAHRAI & CO. DATSUN AL-JABER TRADING CO.

لهم اصلحنا

arab news
SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY
saudi research and marketing company

THE ARAB NEWS IS A POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL NEWSPAPER

Chairman HISHAM ALI HAFIZ
Editor-in-Chief MOHAMMAD ALI HAFIZ
Senior Editor E.B. HADDAD
Managing Editor FAROUK LUGMAN
Asst. Gen. Manager ROBERT JURENDINI

MAIN OFFICE: ARAB NEWS BUILDING OFF SHARAFIA, P.O. BOX 4566
TEL: 34062-25705-30213 CABLE: MARADNEWS
TELEX: 401570 ARANEWS SJ JEDDAH

RIYADH OFFICE: AL BATHA STREET, AL RAJHI BUILDING NO. 2, 4TH FLOOR,
APT #10, P.O. BOX 478 TEL: 36272-30460 TELEX: 201680 CABLE: ARABNEWS
TELEX: 780095 MARAD SJ

EASTERN REGION OFFICE: ABDULLAH FOUAD CENTER ABDUL AZZ STREET
10th FLOOR SUITE 1001 AL-KHOBRA TEL: 42991-46530-46516

MIDDLE EAST OFFICE: EGYPT: 31 JAZIRAT AL ARAB STREET, MADINAT
AL-MUGHARREB, ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT TEL: 615822-615721

LEBANON: SANAYAH EL GHARME BLDG. P.O. BOX 8866
BEIRUT, LEBANON TEL: 547080 TELEX: 20549

LONDON OFFICE: 97 GLOUCESTER PLACE, FLEET STREET,
LONDON EC4A 3J. TEL: 353-4413/456 TELEX: 889272 ARAB NEWS

EUROPEAN OFFICES: SWITZERLAND: 9 PLACE DU MOLARD, GENEVA,
SWITZERLAND, TEL: 2117171 TELEX: 289005 RARE P.O. BOX 795 1211 GENEVA 3

PARIS OFFICE: 16, RUE CHRISTOPHE COLOMB AVENUE GEORGE V
75009 PARIS TEL: 722-38-34 / 722-89-99

TUNISIA OFFICE: TEL: 269611

U.S. OFFICES: HOUSTON: 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1660
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77027 TEL: (713) 981-0246
TELEX: 700289 ARABNEWS HOU

WASHINGTON, D.C.: 359 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20045 TEL: (202) 339-7183, TELEX: 440588 SAUDI UI

JAPAN OFFICE: BABA 2-12-10, TSURUMI, YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
TEL: (045) 573-8815 TELEX: J 47895 UMULGURA, CABLE: UMULGURA

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION: \$138 AIRMAIL, POSTAGE INCLUDED.
INTERNATIONALS 180 AIRMAIL, POSTAGE INCLUDED.

Produced and Printed at Al-Madina Printing and Publishing Co, Jeddah
For Riyadh and Eastern Region
Printed at Al-Yamama Printing Press

SOLE ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVES

TIHAMA
FOR ADVERTISING, PUBLIC RELATIONS & MARKETING RESEARCH

HEAD OFFICE: Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Ministry of Foreign Affairs Circle, P.O. Box 5455 Tel: 40000 — 20 Lines
Cable: TIHAMCO, JEDDAH Telex: 401205 TIHAMCO SJ

MECCA BRANCH: Sittan Street, Dehlawi Building, P.O. Box 1074
Tel: 35023 — 32709 Cable: TIHAMCO, Mecca

RIYADH BRANCH: Airport Street, Behind the American Mission, P.O. Box 4687 Tel: 4780394 — 58207 Cable: TIHAMCO, RIYADH
Telex: 201305 TIHAMCO SJ

DAMMAM BRANCH: Ibn Khaldoun District, Al Dhahran Street, Bugshan Building, Seventh Floor, P.O. Box No. 2666, Tel: 32555 — 20434, Cable: TIHAMCO Dammam.

LONDON BRANCH: 76 Shoe Lane, London EC4A 3JB.
Tel: 01 383 6885 & 6826

HOUSTON: 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1660
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77027 TEL: (713) 981-0246
TELEX: 700289 ARABNEWS HOU



George Who challenges Jimmy Who

By Anthony Holden

WASHINGTON —

"Would I make a good president? I'd be crackercrack. I'd do it with class. I've got a fantastic record. I tell ya."

Any politician who talks like that should be on his feet, gesticulating wildly, winning over a dubious audience or working a friendly one to fever pitch. But George Bush is sitting comfortably in his campaign plane, talking almost *sotto voce*, looking nonchalantly out the window between phrases.

The man exudes self-confidence.

As of now, for the first time in the two years since he began campaigning, it is possible to report that Bush's confidence may not be misplaced. In the Iowa caucuses last month, the first official hurdle in the electoral steeplechase, he beat the supposed Republican front-runner, Ronald Reagan, into second place. He is "George Who" no longer.

Given a week all over the front pages, Bush suddenly has, in his own words, "national name recognition". He also has, also in his own words, "Big Mo" on his side. Big Mo is momentum, the magic quality accorded those presidential candidates who exceed the pundits' expectations. Bush suddenly looks like a winner.

It was this instructive in the last few days to stand beside him, ankle-deep in the New Hampshire snow, as he glided his way through struggling clutches of the American grass-roots. Surely a prospective president of the United States has better things to do with his time?

Not so. Memories are still fresh of the last candidate who conducted himself this way: Jimmy Who, a Georgian peanut farmer with an undistinguished record as governor of his state.

By cornering the grass-roots before anyone else, by spending two desolate years in the field hectoring anyone who would give him the time of day, he made quite a name for himself in the Democratic Party.

On Jan. 23 Jimmy Who reached perhaps the zenith of his political career with a State of the Union address which had the skeptics of Capitol Hill on their feet in admiration. The obstacle to his continued tenure of the White House is no longer Ted Kennedy, but an opponent from the enemy party who is unashamedly stealing his act.

When Carter came to office in 1977, George Bush was director of the CIA. The man who had been everything — two-term congressman, ambassador to the United Nations, chairman of the Republican Party at the height of Watergate, envoy to Peking — was suddenly deprived of a job. He used his unwanted leisure to read books about the extraordinary manner in which Jimmy Carter had planned his route to the White House.

Winning the presidency, those books told him, was no longer a matter of being the right man at the right time, seizing the nation by the scruff of the neck, or whatever. It was a trick of organization, of persistence, of giving up three years of your life to traveling the country, making speeches, wooing people, getting them to work for you, while the more obvious contenders were too busy carrying

out their duties in the administration or on Capitol Hill.

Next thing Bush knew, his old friend Jim Baker — campaign manager in 1976 for the very president he'd just been reading about, the one deprived of office by the unknown peanut farmer — dropped by for a drink. Baker was convalescing as if from a serious illness. How could that man of little talent from Georgia have beaten an incumbent president of the United States?

Between them they realized that night, now almost three years ago, that lightning could perhaps strike twice. Jim Baker is now George Bush's campaign manager, with Gerald Ford's blessing, and he is proving that he has learned from his own mistakes. George Bush's intent, with Jim Baker's expert assistance, is to out-Carter Carter.

It is far too early yet to say whether he will pull it off, despite the fact that Carter himself is forced to play it very differently this time around. Bush has to beat Reagan, John Connelly, Howard Baker and others before he can even have a crack at Carter. But the omens are good.

Before audiences astute enough to smell a winner, Bush can do no wrong. His Connecticut Yankee origins are obvious: a man of inherited wealth, the "preppie" Yale elitist talks modestly of building his own business in Texas, albeit in oil, the most unpopular commodity of the day. He had to meet a payroll. No other Republican candidate can say that.

He has "unparalleled experience" in foreign affairs and matters of national security. No matter

that he held none of his familiar litany of jobs for more than two years, and none with distinction. He has been in the field long enough to have enthused an efficient organization, and to have secured distinguished endorsements. That how, these days, you get to be president of the United States.

"Strengthen the alliance," he cries tactfully on meeting your correspondent, who can deliver no votes. "Special relationship, you bet." Bush has energy enough, at 55, to maintain so droning an ambush on his nation's highest office. He has the right word for everybody. His stump speech is as bright as ever in front of schoolchildren too young to vote.

He admits, at least, that he doesn't know how long the adrenalin will last. "But," he adds, "I'm two-thirds through my campaign, and I'm beginning to get somewhere. Others have only just started, but I've been on the road two years already."

That alone, given the system, may be enough to win him the Republican nomination. He is quick, for a British audience, to quote Margaret Thatcher as evidence of the right-wing's potential for victory in the ensuing election. By then, he is surely right, foreign affairs will have given way to inflation and energy as the predominant issues.

In the meantime, Ronald Reagan and others are not going to lie down quietly. But Carter's men are shrewd enough to have set their sights on Bush already. "He's playing our game very cleverly," one of them told me. "We'll have to invent some new rules." — (OFNS)

Class war keeps Britons in their place

By Anriol Stevens

LONDON —

Class inequality in Britain is as bad as it was at the turn of the century. That is the verdict of two academics responsible for the largest study ever made of a subject that has long obsessed the British and their critics.

They say 80 years of economic growth and enlightened legislation have had little impact on class barriers. And they predict that Britain's present economic plight could lead to a hardening of class lines as the "have-nots" lose faith in their ability to improve their position by individual effort, and the "haves" assert themselves to ensure they pass on their privileges to their children.

The study, the Nuffield Mobility Survey, was carried out at Oxford University under the supervision of Professor A.H. Halsey and Dr. John Goldthorpe.

The findings are published in two books.

Halsey and Goldthorpe admit their research is not free from value judgements (both are firmly committed to increasing social mobility), but they say they have made "an attempt to marry a value-laden choice of issue with objective methods of data collection."

The survey is based on the careers of 10,000 men who were aged between 20 and 64 in 1972. Goldthorpe's study shows upward mobility has been produced by the enormous expansion of the technical managerial and professional classes, known collectively as the "service-class".

Nonetheless, the relative chances of a boy from a working-class home gaining a service-class position remain as unequal as they ever were. At the same time there has been a decline in downward mobility, with the result that the working-class in Britain though smaller than it was is more homogeneous

than in any other Western country or in earlier generations.

Halsey's study of the education data shows an enormous expansion in the amount of education provided for the whole population. However, the higher social classes have benefited most: working-class entrants to university have increased by only 2 per cent, compared to 19 per cent for boys born into the service-class and 6 per cent for boys born into the intermediate classes.

Division of state schools into selective grammar schools, selective technical schools and secondary modern schools for the rest did not produce the pure meritocracy intended. A boy from a working-class home still had to be seven points better on intelligence tests than a boy from a service-class home to get a grammar school place.

(Secondary modern and grammar schools are now being replaced by "comprehensives", which

cater for all abilities. However, the comprehensive system is under attack.)

In the period under survey, acquiring a grammar school place was the single most important determinant of later success. Grammar school boys, like those who went to private schools, had a much better chance of going to university than boys of identical social background and intelligence who went to secondary modern schools.

Private schools provided these chances for boys who failed on merit to win a selective state school place, therefore thwarting the efficient operation of a system of equal opportunity.

Halsey and Goldthorpe conclude that public policies designed to offer opportunities are not in themselves enough, though they may have prevented a worsening of class division. "Social democrats," Halsey says, "have failed to realize that some groups will fight back." (OFNS)

saudi press review

A majority of newspapers Tuesday led with the joint communique issued at the end of Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky's official visit to the Kingdom. The communique denounced the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan and recognized the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people. In a lead, *Okaz* reported that Kreisky emphasized the need for recognizing Palestinian rights during a meeting in Riyadh with PLO Chairman Yasir Arafat. The reported plan of the Real Estate Development Fund to fix the rent of buildings constructed with state loans was the lead story in *Al Kiyadah*.

Newspapers frontpaged Arafat's strong denial of any contacts with Egypt and his call to the United States to improve its relations with the Islamic world. The reported burning of the French embassy in Tripoli by Libyan demonstrators and French protest to the Libyan government were prominently displayed on the

front pages of newspapers, which also reported heavy troop concentrations on the borders between Tunisia and Libya. In a front-page story, *Okaz* reported that the Turkish ambassador to the Kingdom said the Kingdom's aid to his country will help solve its economic problems. *Okaz* also frontpaged Syria's reported decision to withdraw its peacekeeping force in Beirut. *Al Nadwa* highlighted on its front page that the U.S. will give heavy military and economic aid to Pakistan. It also reported Crown Prince Fahd's meeting with U.S. Presidential Adviser Brezhnev and Bani-Sadr's assumption of office as the first President of Iran.

The arrival of the Venezuelan President in Riyadh next Monday formed a major front-page story in *Al Jazirah*. Newspapers stressed the significant outcome of Kreisky's visit to Saudi Arabia. *Al Bilad* dealt with the Saudi-Austrian joint communique, saying that a just and

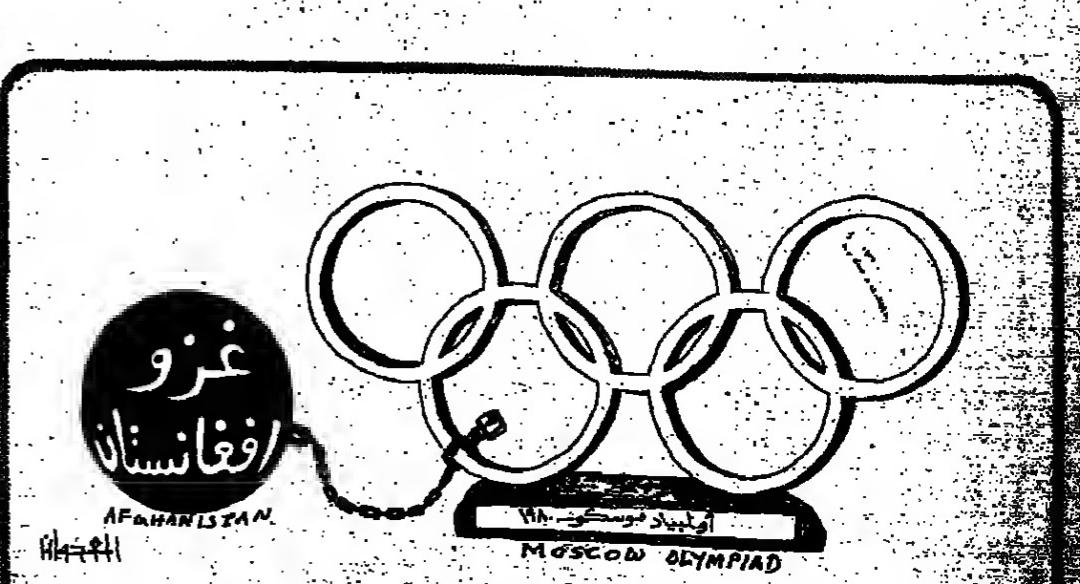
comprehensive peace in the region cannot be achieved unless the legitimate rights of the people of Palestine are restored. Israel withdraws from the occupied Arab territories and a homeland for the people of Palestine is established on their land. Crown Prince Fahd's statements and his talks with Kreisky have reaffirmed Saudi Arabia's determination to give every assistance and support to the crucial issues of the Arabs, said the paper.

In an editorial, *Al Riyadah* strongly supported the Kingdom's firm adherence to its principles and its responsibilities toward the Arab and Islamic world which, it said, has earned respect at the international level. Referring to the Crown Prince's talks with the Austrian leader, the paper said that their concentration on the Palestine issue reflected the Kingdom's principle of firm commitment to the Palestine issue. *Okaz* also dwelled on the Saudi-Austrian talks saying their

outcome highlighted Saudi Arabia's role at Arab and international levels. The paper added that Kreisky's visit would further support the Arab stance on a just and lasting peace in the region. The concern of the two countries on the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan throws further light on Saudi Arabia's firm commitment to Islamic causes, it said.

In a reference to Crown Prince Fahd's recent remarks on differences with the United States, *Al Medina* said the problem centered on Washington's negligence of the crusade of the issue arising out of the Zionist aggression. If anyone tells Americans that Jerusalem can be bargained for he and the Americans are grossly mistaken, since the return of Jerusalem to the Arab fold is not based on a give-and-take policy. The whole Islamic world will be ready to make any sacrifices for the sake of Holy Jerusalem, the paper said. Saudi Arabia's difference with the U.S. is on a fundamental matter. If the U.S. really wants to do something it must take urgent steps to stop this deterioration which only helps in deepening the difference, the paper added.

Commenting on the Lebanese Premier's sudden visit to Damascus, *Al Jazirah* hoped it would result in Syria's approval of the Lebanese request to defer the withdrawal of its peacekeeping forces from Beirut until the Lebanese government takes necessary steps to "fill the gap". The paper viewed Lebanon's request at the present juncture as "logical", since the postponement of Syrian troops' pullout will thwart any Israeli aggression on Lebanon. In case of the troops' pullout, there will also be a risk of fighting between the joint Lebanese-Palestinian forces and the Phalangist militia, which would further jeopardize the security conditions in the country, the paper said.



هذا من اجل

American athletes begin to wonder

What price glory?

By Thomas Boswell

WASHINGTON — Under the gathering clouds of an Olympic boycott, America's athletes and coaches are being forced to ask themselves a fundamental, but frighteningly unfamiliar question — "Why?"

The price of excellence in athletics, especially in Olympic sports, has inflated dramatically in recent years.

The 1970s brought into focus a world of international child athletes and prepubescent gold medalists in a host of sports.

Those champions who were not children often won their fame in games marred by steroids, amphetamines, blood doping and a pharmacopeia of chemicals used to produce hybrid ideological warriors.

What is the human cost of becoming a famed Olympic-class swimmer, gymnast or track star — the next Mark Spitz, Nadia Comaneci or Bruce Jenner?

What is the lasting psychological or physical price that must be paid, even in obscure and profitless sports, to be the best speed skater or volleyball player in the world?

In this new decade, what is the tariff that a

Puerto Rico and Montreal."

In Colorado Springs, Flora Hyman has been a star of the U.S. women's volleyball team — a cofavorite for the Olympic gold with Cuba — a squad that has been sequestered for five years of Marine Corps-style boot camp training 50 weeks a year.

"I've only given up seven years of my life and my whole future," the 25-year-old Hyman says bitterly. "If there are no Olympics, what have I done with my life?"

Perhaps no American athletes approach the fanaticism of the U.S. women volleyballers, who unashamedly accept the training tactics of the Cubans, Soviets and Japanese as gospel.

"Hypnosis, togetherness through common suffering and, ultimately, mind control are my coaching techniques," says coach Aric Selinger who has taken the U.S. team from 19th in the world to No. 2 in isolated compounds for years at a time with no vacations.

"More than any sport, volleyball demands team unity," says Selinger. "You must be one body with many heads and one heart. Overcoming the ideas of individuality, profit motive and democracy are among our prob-

lems. It takes eight years, I believe, to train a volleyball player to think only of the team in all situations."

"We've all had school, friends and family taken away," says Rita Crockett, a team member for only 18 months.

"I gave up getting married. When I came to Colorado Springs from San Antonio, My boy friend and I were discussing getting married. Now, we just discuss getting to be friends again. My phone bill to him is \$150 a week, but I only get to see him four times a year. You can put up with everything if you know you're doing it for a purpose and for your country. But now it looks like I'll never be known as an Olympian. I'm 22 and if we boycott this one, I just don't know if I could do this four more years. I guess maybe I could. One of our girls is 29 and she's been training for six years."

In Silver Spring, Maryland, Margie Weiss sees her whole way of life endangered.

She and her husband, Greg, have been training 100 gymnasts, like 14-year-old Olympic hopeful Sheri Mann and Jackie Cassello, for six hours a day, six days a week, for the last four years in their hand-built wooded complex.

The Weiss' whole family life is built around what Margie Weiss calls "The New Athletes" — the children who start their careers as soon as they can walk, and, if possible, even before.

Her own infant daughter, Geremi, took her first steps before she was a year old on a balance beam. Now, at six, Geremi can already do gymnastic tricks that "no woman could do at the '72 Olympics," according to her mother.

The Weiss' also have more good news about Geremi — she isn't growing.

"Early tests indicated that she would grow up to be 5-foot-4," said Margie Weiss. "But I believe that the more gymnastics you do at a young age, the smaller you will be. Growth spurts come in two-week bursts. If you're pounding your body, the growth sections of the bones are going to be pounded down. Geremi is really tiny for her age now, which is all right with me."

The Weiss' other daughter, Genoa, 7, is already a high diver, with a platform in the backyard. She can do an inward 1 1/2 — a harrowingly difficult and dangerous dive for adults — and has won diving meets for 10-and-under "up and down the East Coast," in her mother's words.

The Weiss' have helped their children have the compact, fatless bodies of perfect gymnasts by a simple method: they stopped feeding their children at the age of 18 months.

"We rarely have time to stop training to prepare meals," says Margie Weiss. "So, the kids feed themselves as soon as they can open the refrigerator. We always have apples, oranges, yogurt and health foods in there, so it doesn't matter what they grab. They can't go wrong."

The Weiss' are certain that their children and their pupils are the athletic wave of the future. "The Russians find 90 per cent of

their athletes because they test their children. We find 10 per cent of ours."

"The first of the New Athletes was Stephanie Willim," she says, speaking of a Weiss protege who could have been the Comaneci of 1980. "She was a shoo-in. She was doing tricks three years ago that no one else has tried yet."

But Willim suffered disc disintegration that led doctors to order her to abandon her career permanently or face being crippled for life.

"The Communist countries are far ahead of us," says Weiss, a candidate for the coaching job of the U.S. women's gymnastics team now that Linda McBetheney-Mulvihill has been deposed. "It's lucky that they only give out three medals at the Olympics, not a top 40, or they'd crush us in almost every sport."

"But we're learning, we're starting younger and younger in many sports — swimming, gymnastics, track, alpine skiing, diving, speed skating, figure skating and a lot of others. Once, kids went to college to start becoming serious athletes. Now, college is already over the hill. You go to college to retire on a scholarship."

What will happen to her children, her pupils, her livelihood, if the Olympics are boycotted?

"It's so unjust," she says, "that I refuse to think about it. You can't train like we do with that on your mind."

Margie Weiss offers an example of the ambiguous questions that surround the price of excellence. She is, by any standard, a fanatic. Yet the Weiss' gymnastics school is not some six acre pocket of Romania transported to Silver Spring. "We understand that higher you go, the harder you can fall. We understand that it has to change a young person to bear the national anthem played and see the flag raised in a foreign competition for them. You have to put a cushion under children. We do it with intermediate goals. Each accomplishment on the ladder has its own worth. You don't have to win a gold medal to know that

you're worth something."

Above all, Weiss is determined that their school will be a place where all the children have something of a sense of family. It should not be forgotten that perhaps the most fundamental lure of athletics is its harsh, elite and unrelenting difficulty. The very notion of being a champion has always meant discipline, pain and self-denial.

Perhaps the most grueling of Olympic sports is outdoor speed skating, where wind-chill factors are often far below zero and frostbite, black toes and frozen lung are commonplace. No one pays a greater price in pain than speed skaters, those hunched-over masochists who often cannot straighten up after a race.

"This year, my motivation suddenly reached a new level," says Nancy Seider, a U.S. national team standout who in 1976 set a

world record in the 3,000 meters. Others thought Swider was in peak condition. The 23-year-old decided to lose 18 pounds of an already hard 135-pound body.

"I went off preservatives, additives, any kind of junk. If I put something wrong in my mouth, I spit it out. I've known for years how I wanted to feel. I've seen it in other people. It's a look of total purpose and purity. But it's never been me. I don't like the word 'religious,' but I think we each have a God-given ability. Just once in my life, if just for a few months for the Olympics, I want to live at the absolute edge of my potential."

That is the essence of the Olympics. The passion for the Olympics, the need for them, is so great, that the U.S. women's volleyball team was profoundly divided and shaken two months ago when, after five years, it was given its first vacation.

"I promised them for years that the day they qualified for the Olympics, they could have a vacation," says Selinger. "A promise is a promise, so I gave them six weeks off. I just got weak."

"The six weeks was history," says Hyman. "Every team in the world thought we were nuts. Theory says you can't do it."

But, in a way, the American women had to. "We had a lot of problems at the Pan Am Games where we kinda bombed out," says one team member. "Living in the village with 5,000 other athletes, we were out of a controlled situation for the first time in years. People were wandering around ... we just weren't ready to deal with it."

Some team members didn't even want their promised vacation. "It was voted one," says Hyman, disapprovingly. "So, they took one."

DEPENDABILITY + POWER: FMC Link-Belt® CRANES & EXCAVATORS GIVE YOU THE BEST OF BOTH

FMC Link-Belt is a name which has always stood for quality in construction equipment — and so does Juffali.

But quality alone is not enough.

- You need back-hoing.
- You need the back-up of the Kingdom's biggest spare parts depot with its computerised service.
- You need the back-up of fully equipped workshops manned by experts trained by the manufacturers.
- You need the back-up of maintenance advice by the manufacturer's resident experts.
- You need after sales service.



Venezuelan president meets Chadli in Algiers

ALGIERS, Feb. 5 (R) — Venezuelan President Luis Herrera Campins met Algerian head of state Benjedid Chadli Tuesday in an attempt to further improve already close relations between the two oil-producing countries.

Herrera Campins arrived in Algiers Monday on a three-day official visit as part of a tour of Arab petroleum exporting countries which will also take him to the Libya, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates and Kuwait.

Before returning home Feb. 17, the president will visit the headquarters of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) in Vienna.

Informed sources said the OPEC pricing

Illegal U.S. oil sale halted

NEW YORK, Feb. 5 (AP) — U.S. federal and state authorities filed a lawsuit Monday in a crackdown on alleged illegal and deceptive sale of about \$40 million worth of crude oil futures by 30 firms and 37 individuals.

The suit in Manhattan's U.S. District Court charged the defendants ran "boiler-room" operations from eight states and one foreign nation to illegally sell the contracts for crude oil futures.

The joint plaintiffs in the suit were the Commodity Futures Trading Commission and New York's Attorney General Robert Abrams.

The court was asked to bar further illegal activity and to appoint a receiver to take custody of all remaining assets and records held by the defendants. The defendants are located in Panama and the states of New York, Massachusetts, California, Florida, New Jersey, Georgia, Texas and Ohio.

The complaint said the contracts were sold illegally mainly because they were not traded through a licensed commodities exchange as required by law.

Foreign Exchange Rates

Quoted at 6:00 P.M. Tuesday

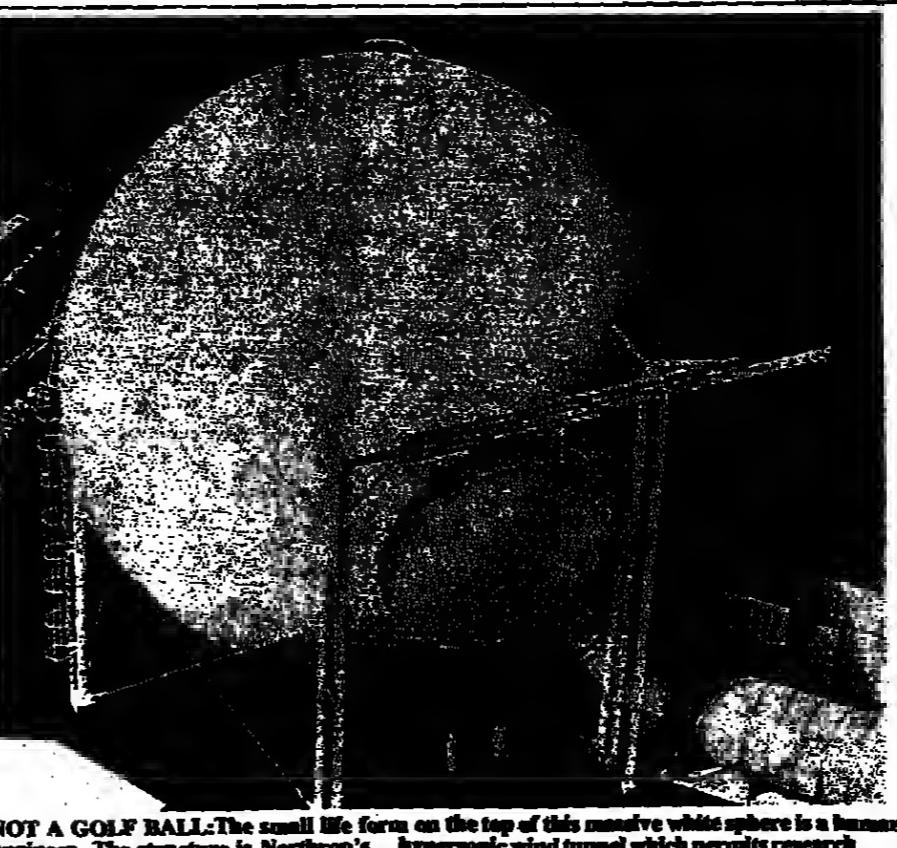
	SAMA	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.36	3.371	3.3625
Pound Sterling	7.64	7.73	7.72
Deutsche Mark (100)	192.00	194.00	193.20
Swiss F (100)	206.00	208.10	206.85
French F (100)	82.00	83.00	82.50
Italian Lira (10,000)	42.00	40.00	41.80
Lebanese Lira (100)	103.00	102.30	102.30
Syrian Lira (100)	80.00	86.60	86.60
Egyptian Pound	4.54	4.54	4.54
Kuwaiti Dinar	12.36	12.36	12.36
Jordanian Dinar	11.45	11.45	11.45
Emirates Dirham (100)	90.50	90.10	90.10
Qatari Riyal (100)	90.92	91.95	91.95
Bahraini Dinar	9.00	8.96	8.96
Iranian Riyal (100)	25.00	—	—
Iraqi Dinar (100)	10.00	—	—
Yemeni Riyal (100)	—	74.10	74.10
Moroccan Dirham (100)	85.00	91.00	91.00
Indian Rupee (100)	—	42.55	42.55
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	34.15	34.15
Gold kg.	74,000.00	—	—
10 Tolas har	8,700.00	—	—
Silver kg.	—	—	—
Japanese Yen (1,000)	14.40	—	14.15
Canadian Dollar	2.90	—	—
Belgian Franc (1,000)	119.00	118.00	—
Dutch Guilder (1,000)	174.00	175.00	174.50
Spanish Peso	50.00	51.50	—
Greek Drachma (1,000)	80.00	—	—
Philippines Peso (1,000)	—	46.00	—
Singapore	—	—	1.58

Cash and Transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St., Jeddah — Tel : 2385.

PORTS AUTHORITY JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT SHIPS MOVEMENTS UPTO 0700 HOURS ON THE 5TH FEBRUARY, 1980 18TH RABI AWAL, 1400.

Berth	Vessel	Agent	Cargo	Arrival
4.	Saudi Enterprise	O.Trada	Maize/Sorghum/ Timber	4.2.80
5.	Atlantic Forest (Brigs)	Kano	Flour/Loading MTYs.	4.2.80
6.	Golden Rays	S.S.M.S.C.	Maize/Sorghum	30.1.80
8.	Nordkyn	Om	Barley	28.1.80
9.	Ikanan Reefs	Alsaabah	Reefer	27.1.80
10.	Tapisan	M.T.A.	Timber/Cable/Cement/	4.2.80
11.	Herb Everett	O.C.E.	General	4.2.80
12.	Barga MG 338-2	Gulf	Bananas	3.2.80
13.	Audacia	O.C.E.	Plyoms for Hajj	1.2.80
14.	Briatol Maru	A.E.T.	Reefer	2.2.80
15.	Ionian Carrar	Rofaco	Contrs/Loading MTYs	4.2.80
18.	Kiwi Arrow	Alsaabah	Bulk Cement	4.2.80
21.	Moor Dreght	Alsaabah	Bulk cement	3.2.80
22.	Mistral Universal	Star	Steak/Ger/Trailers/ Modules	4.2.80
24.	Marcana 1	Alpha	Reefer	31.1.80
26.	Maridi	A.E.T.	Reber/Tiles/Timbar	22.2.80
29.	Solidarity	S.C.S.A.	Durra	1.2.80
30.	Ibn Al Beitar	Kano	Lube Oil	4.2.80
41.	Hellenic Sea	Alpha	Gen/Contre/ Lube Oil	4.2.80
	Marzaria Fenicia	A.E.T.	Rice/Gan/Tyres/ Contrs-	3.2.80
			Ro Ru	3.2.80
2.	RECENT ARRIVALS:			
	Rabenfels	Alireza	Contre/Ro Units Steel/Ger/	4.2.80
	Moor Dreght	Alsaabah	Trailers/Modules	4.2.80
	Solidarity	S.C.S.A.	Lube Oil	4.2.80
	Atlantic Forest (Brigs)	Kano	Flour/Load MTYs	4.2.80
	Mercandian Caix	Ori	Containers	4.2.80
	Heroj K.		Blankets/Load/MTYs	4.2.80
	Stamenkovic	Attar	Timber/Cable/ Cement/General	4.2.80
	Tapisan	M.T.A.	General	4.2.80
	Aminah "A"	Alvener	Durra	4.2.80
	Phaedon II	BabAboud	General/Containers/ Lube Oil	4.2.80
	Ibn Al Beitar	Kano	Loading Bulk Cement	4.2.80
	Perseus	Rofaco	Durra/Maltin	4.2.80
	Elegdra	A.E.T.	Seed/Cotton	4.2.80
3.	VESSELS EXPECTED TO ARRIVE WITHIN THE NEXT 24 HOURS:			
	Mount Dirfy	A.E.T.	General/Steel/Lima	5.2.80
	Blue Maru	BabAboud	Oil Cake	5.2.80
	Merzario Arcadia	A.E.T.	Containers	5.2.80

arab news Economy



NOT A GOLF BALL: The small life form on the top of this massive white sphere is a human engineer. The structure in Northrop's hypersonic wind tunnel which permits research into advanced aerodynamics and missile technology. This multi-million dollar test facility at Hawthorne, California creates velocities up to 14 times the speed of sound.

EEC ministers concentrate on Afghanistan reactions

BRUSSELS, Feb. 5 (R) — Common Market foreign ministers used a regular meeting here Tuesday to try to tighten up their reaction to Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

The ministers also discussed the community's relations with the Gulf, Turkey and Yugoslavia, all affected by the Afghan situation.

Their one-day session follows the Paris summit of President Valery Giscard d'Estaing and West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt, and weekend talks in the French capital by Lord Carrington, the British foreign secretary.

Though the meeting here is formally being held to discuss EEC business, the nine will discuss once more whether they should boycott the Moscow Olympics.

Britain favors the move as a protest against the intervention in Afghanistan, while France and West Germany, hostile to the idea at first, have begun to modify their stands.

U.S. considers exemptions for Disclosure Act

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 (AP) — The U.S. Agriculture Department said Monday it is considering proposals that will make it easier for some foreign owners of U.S. land to be exempted from reporting their holdings to the government.

But an official said the proposed changes would not alter the basic intent of the Agricultural Foreign Investment Disclosure Act passed by Congress in 1978.

Among the proposed changes is one to generally exempt all agricultural, forestry and timber land of 10 acres or less from the reporting requirements, as long as the land produces less than \$1,000 worth of products for sale a year. Current regulations exempt only parcels of land of less than one acre, including the \$1,000 guidelines.

A report issued Jan. 25 showed foreigners and U.S. corporations which have at least 5 per cent foreign ownership held 5.2 million acres of U.S. agricultural land as of last Oct. 31, less than 0.5 per cent of the nation's 1.23 billion acres.

Another proposed change involves farmland held by U.S. companies in which foreigners have an interest. Currently, regulations require land reporting by those "legal entities" if foreigners own an interest of 5 per cent or more in them.

The government believes at least \$1 billion of urgent and unconditional aid is essential to complete a major austerity program announced last week.

Some \$400 million in aid has already arrived — about \$200 million from the International Monetary Fund (IMF), \$98 million from the U.S. and \$100 million from Western banks, the sources said.

West German leaders have recently stressed the need to bolster the Turkish economy to stabilize this NATO partner, in view of the developments in Iran and Afghanistan.

U.K. reserves hit \$23b

LONDON, Feb. 5 (AP) — Britain's gold and foreign currency reserves soared by almost one billion in January as money poured into the pound sterling.

Treasury figures published Monday showed reserves up \$987 million at a record \$23.76 billion.

The pound had been gaining on foreign exchanges because of Britain's high interest rates and near self-sufficiency in oil.

Threatened by Soviets

U.S. maritime industry suffers

NEW YORK, Feb. 5 (AP) — Soviet expansion in shipping has undermined the American maritime industry and poses a threat to U.S. military and economic security, speakers at a maritime conference said here Monday.

Thomas W. "Teddy" Gleason, president of the International Longshoremen's Association and keynote speaker at the industry forum, warned that "if present trends were allowed to continue, the entire free world could end up dependent on Russian merchant vessels which carry cargo at rates in some cases up to 40 per cent below those required in an open, profit-centered free world economy."

Conferees at the "Save Our Maritime Industry" forum called for a comprehensive national policy to rescue an ailing U.S. merchant marine, which they said, has deteriorated substantially since World War II.

C. William Neuhauser, executive secretary of the National Maritime Council, an umbrella group for ship lines, shipyards, and labor unions described the industry as "a dying species."

A report on the status of the industry, maintained that the industry was a national asset as a "stabilizing influence against inequitable ocean freights" charged by foreign carriers, an "assurance (for) our foreign commerce during times of political strife," and "to transport men and materials in times of national emergencies and war."

The maritime council said that U.S. merchant marine strength had declined substantially since World War II. In 1948, 60 per cent of U.S. import-export commerce was carried on ships flying the U.S. flag, the council said, but today the figure is only four per cent.

In the last 30 years, the council said, the size of the U.S. private shipping fleet had dropped from 4,000 vessels to 600 today.

Meanwhile, the Soviet Union, "historically regarded as a land power with little or no interest in the ocean, now boasts the largest merchant fleet in the world," it said.

The United States now "ranks a poor ninth."

A sieve for Russia

Trade curbs leak through bloc

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 (AP) — The Soviet Union can avoid U.S. trade restrictions on agriculture and sophisticated technology by buying goods through other Soviet bloc nations, a former U.S. Commerce Department official said Monday.

Lawrence J. Brady, who resigned last month, said Eastern European countries are "a sieve for the Soviet Union" and the Kremlin will "make demands on Eastern European countries."

"We can only assume that significant leakage will occur," Brady told the Senate Armed Services Procurement Subcommittee, which has been investigating U.S. technology sales to the Soviet Union.

Carter's restrictions apply only to the Soviet Union, and not to other Warsaw Pact countries. The restrictions were imposed in retaliation for the Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan.

Meanwhile, as acting director of the department's Office of Export Administration, claiming he had been harassed for telling Congress that the rules banning diversion of U.S.-licensed technology were not being enforced. Department officials denied charges.

Kent N. Knowles, director of the Office of Export Administration, testified that the department does not grant an export license in the face of Pentagon objections.

He said the government's review of export licensing in the wake of the Soviet action in Afghanistan "is limited to Russia, but we will be taking a look at any method to tighten" the trade restrictions against the Soviet Union.

Jamaican economy nears collapse

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Feb. 5 (AP) — Jamaica's already fragile economy received a severe jolt when government negotiations with the International Monetary Fund collapsed. Prime Minister Michael Manley announced Sunday night. He said he would call early new elections next fall.

The Manley government has been going through an economic and political crisis as it has struggled to keep the pipeline to IMF funds open.

The possibility still remains that an arrangement can be worked out, but private-sector business groups were calling for Manley's resignation even before the talks here broke down.</

B.C.

SMALL SOCIETY

BLONDE

BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD

vertigo

he vent zat-a-vay!

WILEY'S
DICTIONARYI LISTEN
TO CARTER
AND
MY WIFE
LISTENS
TO HIS
MOTHER-THAT WAY WE GET THE
OVERALL PICTURE -

BRICKMAN

Washington Star Syndicate, Inc.

WHAT KIND
OF POTATOES
ARE THESE?

SHOESTRING!!

THEY DON'T LOOK LIKE
SHOESTRINGSBUT THEY SURE
TASTE LIKE 'EM!

BRICKMAN

'MY DAD ALWAYS FINDS SOMETHING TO BE UNHAPPY
ABOUT. IN THE SUMMER HE PLAYS GOLF.'

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword
by THOMAS JOSEPH

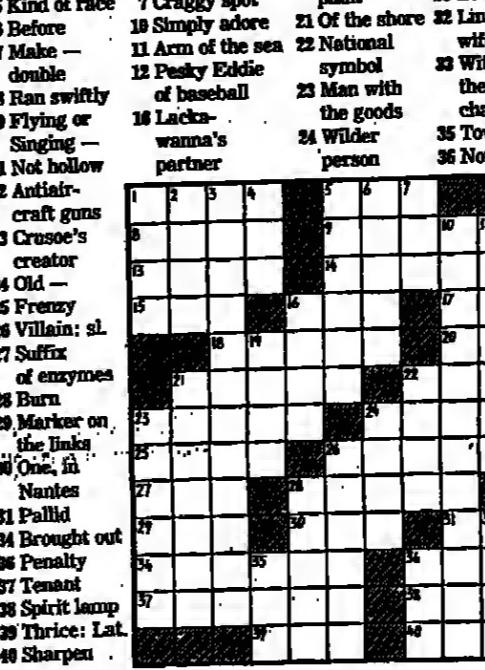
ACROSS

1 Run-soaked cake
5 Put in place
8 The Emerald Isle
9 Investigations
10 Open to the breeze
11 Hall
15 Kind of race
16 Before
17 Make — double
18 Ran swiftly
20 Flying or Singing
21 Not hollow
22 Anti-aircraft guns
23 Crusoe's creator
24 Old —
25 Frenzy
26 Villain; sl.
27 Suffix of enzymes
28 Burn
29 Marker on the bank
30 One, in
31 Nantes
32 Pallid
34 Brought out
36 Penalty
37 Tenant
38 Spirit lamp
39 Thrice; Lal.
40 Sharpen

DOWN

1 Russian symbol
2 La Scala highlight
3 Botticelli painting, with "The"
4 Some
5 Exempted
6 Transgressed
7 Craggy spot
8 Simply adore
10 Arm of the sea
11 Peaky Eddie of baseball
12 Luckin — woman's partner
13 Medicinal plant
14 Of the shore
15 National symbol
16 Man with the goods
17 Wilder person
18 Medicinal plant
19 Leather
20 Lindy's wife
21 Without the goods
22 National symbol
23 Man with the goods
24 Wilder person
25 Not many

Yesterday's Answer



DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE — Here's how to work it:

AXYDLBAAXE
K LONGFELLOW

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

K R B Z G B K Y G Y Z K D D E Y U J J
O T B U J A S T B Y T Q V Y T M E Y X
Z T M Q T J Q K L H G E U Q R L E Y
K S T T B . — D K J O K R

Contract Bridge : B. Jay Becker

The Best of all Possible Reasons

South dealer. North-South vulnerable.

NORTH

♦ 6
♦ 6 5 3 2
♦ 7 5
♦ A K 9 4 2

♦ 6 5 3
♦ 6 5 3

WEST

♦ 6
♦ 6 5 3 2
♦ 7 5
♦ A K 9 4 2

♦ 6 5 3
♦ 6 5 3

EAST

♦ 6
♦ 6 5 3 2
♦ 7 5
♦ A 10
♦ J 10 8 7

♦ 6 5 3
♦ 6 5 3

SOUTH

♦ 6
♦ 6 5 3 2
♦ 7 5
♦ A K 9 4 2

♦ 6 5 3
♦ 6 5 3

The bidding:

South West North East

1 ♦ Pass 2 0 Pass

2 ♦ Pass 2 ♦ Pass

4 ♦

Opening lead — king of clubs.

Note that in the actual hand, when you finesse, the ten wins and you easily make the contract by scoring five spades, four hearts and a diamond. But note also that if the ten loses to the jack you are equally on firm ground. In that case, your only losers would be two spades and a diamond — since you can discard three diamonds from dummy on the A-K-Q of hearts and thus restrict yourself to one diamond loser.

Is the actual hand, if you play the king of spades instead of the ten, you go down against proper defense. East wins your diamond lead to the queen, cashes the jack of spades, returns the ten of diamonds, and in that way discards you off. The so-called percentage play would fail.

There is a difference of opinion about what constitutes a percentage play, but often the question is more a matter of semantics than arithmetic.

"Assume" 50% is 14 spades and West leads the king of clubs. You ruff and play a spade to the queen, losing to East's ace. Back comes a club, which you ruff again. You lead a heart to the jack, return a spade which

Tomorrow: The exploratory process.

Get your international financial news in

Asharq Al-Awsat

Asharq Al-Awsat — the International newspaper of the Arabs published daily from London and distributed worldwide.

Available with your newsboy and at your nearest newsstand daily.

Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake



FOR WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1980

you're headed and have extra energy to devote towards the attainment of your goals. Full speed ahead!

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)

The spirit of adventure makes you yearn for travel. In your enthusiasm for getting, don't forget to check details re timetables.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

Finalize dealings with banks and credit unions early. Avoid evasiveness over these matters in the p.m. Details look good.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)

Expect fine some minor confusion in the p.m., it's a favorable time for partnerships and for public presentations of your ideas.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19)

A hard day's work should lead to financial gain and business progress, but watch out for overindulgence in the p.m. Be careful with medications.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18)

There are so many ways to have fun now, but solo entertainments are preferable to group functions. A friend may let you down.

PICTURES (Feb. 19 to Mar. 17)

Trust your intuition, then act on a domestic matter. There may be a change of plans on the part of visitors from afar.

PRAYER TIMES

Wednesday Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Assr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca 5:42	7:01	12:42	3:56	6:17	7:47
Medina 5:46	7:05	12:43	3:53	6:13	7:33
Nejd 5:12	5:32	12:09	3:20	5:40	7:10

DAHHRAN TV

4:30 Children's Show
5:02 Young Peoples Special
Safety Film
5:34 Sanford AND Son
5:59 Oregon Trail
6:52 Flying High
7:38 Mao in a Suitcase
8:26 Eischeid

Jana of the Jungle:
The Prisoner
The Selling of Jaoeoi
Thomas—PT 2
Dead Right
The Party
The Return of Baby
Fun Flight
Blink of an Eye
Only Pretty Girls
Die—Pt 1

PHARMACIES

(Open Wednesday Night)

JEDDAH	Al-Nasr Drug Store	Mecca Road, Rajhi Building	Tel. 32705
	Al-Shabab Drug State	Bab Sherif	29873
	Al-Jazirah Drug Store	King Abdul Aziz St.	25705
MECCA	Abdul Rahim Bawazir D.S.	Ajyad	28131
	Al-Salahi Drug Store	Sulaimanah	49364
RIYADH	Al-Gondola Drug Store	Al-Khazzan St.	—
	Al-Batha Drug Store	Batha St.	—
	Dakhmeh Drug Store	Mida Dakhoah	—
TAIF	A-Jamal Drug Store	Okaz St.	—
	Al-Shard Pharmacy	King's St.	—
DAMMAM	Al-Hayat Pharmacy	Al-Adamah locality	—
	AL-KHOBAR	Near Al-Jazirah Clinic,	—
	Al-Jazirah Pharmacy	Thoqbah	41439
HOFUF	Ibu Sina Drug Store	Municipality St.	23553

SAUDI RADIO

(English Service)

On FM at 98 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band
On SW at 11.855 MHz in 25 meter band
On MW at 1485 Kilohertz in 202 meter band

WEDNESDAY

Afternoon Transmission

2:00 Opening

2:01 Holy Quran

2:05 Gems of Guidance

2:10 Key to Their Success

2:20 On Islam

2:30 Round and About

3:00 NEWS

3:10 Press Review

3:15 Music

3:20 Sciencce Journal

3:30 A Selection of Music

3:40 —

3:50 Closedown

Evening Transmission

9:00 Opening

9:01 Holy Quran

9:05 Gems of Guidance

9:10 Light Music

9:15 Top of the Pops

9:45 Companions of the Prophet

10:00 A Viewpoint

10:10 Music

10:25 S.A. Daily Chronicle

10:30 Sounds Sweet and Strange

11:00 A Leaf on Life's Notebook

11:10 Music

11:15 Latin Music

11:45 A Rendezvous with Dreams

12:00 Closedown

BBC

Morning Transmission

8.00 World News

8.09 Twenty-Four Hours

News Summary

8.30 Sarah Ward

8.45 World Today

9.00 Newsdesk

9.30 Opera Star

10.00 World News

10.09 Twenty-Four Hours

News Summary

10.30 Sarah Ward

10.45 Something to Show You

11.00 World News

11.09 Reflections

11.15 Piano Style

11.30 Braio of Britain 1978

12.00 World News

12.09 British Press Review

12.15 World Today

12.30 Financial News

12.40 Look Ahead

12.45 Ulster in Focus

1.30 Discovery

2.00 World News

2.09 News about Britain

2.15 Alphabet of Musical Curios

2.30 Sports International

2.40 Radio Newsreel

3.15 Promende Concert

3.45 Sports Round-up

4.00 World News

4.09 Twenty-Four Hours : News Summary

4.30 The Pleasure's Yours

5.15 Report on Religio

6.00 Radio Newsreel

IQAMA LOST

OUR EMPLOYEE, WERNER LINGUI
SWISS PASSPORT NO. 3362667 LOST HIS IQAMA
NO. 12144/1 OF 3-3-99H.
WILL FINDER PLEASE DELIVER IT TO:
BINLADEN - LOSINGER LTD.
P.O. BOX 958 JEDDAH PHONE: 77469

ABALKHAIL
CONSULTING ENGINEERS, P.O.BOX 4074, RIYADH, SAUDI ARABIA

WANTED MECHANICAL ENGINEERS (HVAC)

WE HAVE VACANCIES FOR MECHANICAL ENGINEERS
SPECIALIZED IN H.V.A.C.

QUALIFICATION REQUIRED IS B. Sc.
IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING.

MINIMUM EXPERIENCE:
SIX YEARS EXPERIENCE (THREE YEARS IN DESIGN
AND THREE YEARS IN SITE SUPERVISION)
OR

FIVE YEARS IN DESIGN EXPERIENCE,
OR
FIVE YEARS IN SITE SUPERVISION

APPLICANTS SHOULD HAVE GOOD COMMAND OF
ENGLISH AND GOOD ACQUAINTANCE WITH U.S.
AND / OR EUROPEAN CODES OF PRACTICE.
THEY SHOULD ALSO POSSESS A TRANSFERABLE
WORK / RESIDENT PERMIT.

THOSE MEETING THE ABOVE MENTIONED
CONDITIONS SHOULD APPLY, IN PERSON, TO:

ABALKHAIL CONSULTING ENGINEERS,
BEHIND RIYADH MARRIOT HOTEL BUILDING,
MATH'AR STREET, OR WRITE TO:

THE PERSONNEL
P.O.BOX 4074, RIYADH
TELEPHONE 68779, 69640.

FLAT FOR RENT

A 7 room flat in a new building
near Passport Office,
Jeddah. Suitable as an office,
residence or both. Water,
electricity, A.C. units, and a
private telephone.

Call 28158, Jeddah.

GAC RYAN RENTS

- CRANES
- COMPRESSORS
- TRUCKS
- GENERATORS
- BACKHOES
- AND MUCH MORE

CALL
Jeddah 59024
670956
Riyadh 465-7783

Don't throw away
your
tyres



WHEN THEY ONLY NEED A SMALL REPAIR

Earth Mover, Tractor, Crane and Other Off-the-Road Expensive Tyres are now repaired at our modern plant. We collect injured tyres and deliver repaired tyres at your site at no extra charge.

Repairs are carried out under supervision of foreign trained staff and of course, are fully guaranteed.

Drop in at our Plant or Call our Representative.

Saudi Arabian
Bandag Ltd.

C-1, INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, JEDDAH, P.O. BOX 6478,
Tel: 45475-20134, Cable: BANDAGLT, Tlx: 400314 BANDAG SJ

SALE

TUGFOR

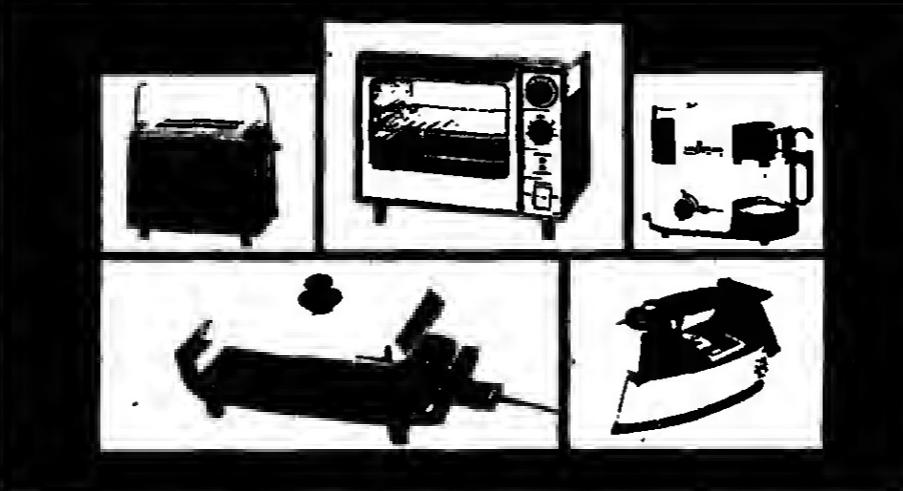
TUG "ZAINALIREZA" II.
Built: July 1976 by Damen Shipyard, Holland
Excellent condition

Specifications:
Length O.A.: 16 Meters
Breadth Molded: 5 Meters
Weight: 42 Tons
Engine: Caterpillar Diesel Engine
Type - D334 233HP at 2000RPM
Speed: 9.5 Knots
Accommodation: For 4 persons

Tug can be inspected at Rastanura - West Pier.
For further information please contact:
Regional General Manager-Maritime
Haji Abdullah Alireza & company Ltd.,
P.O.Box 8 Damman
Tel: 63 24133/34, 83 23728/29, Telex: 601008 SJ.

HITACHI

KITCHEN APPLIANCES



ELECTRIC TOASTER, ELECTRIC OVEN MILL & COFFEE MAKERS, HOT PLATES STEAM IRONS

- Installation System
- Guaranteed Maintenance
- Available Spare Parts
- ...At Competitive Prices...

Sale Agents in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia:

H.A. ALESSA & SONS CO.

Main office: Riyadh - Airport St. - Aless Blvd. Tel: 38225 / 38278
Main Show Room: Airport St. Aless Blvd. - Tel: 38284 - Riyadh

Tamali Show Room: Tamali St. - Tel: 20178 - Riyadh

Bath Show Room: Batha St. - Tel: 27347 - Riyadh

Bab Sharif - Tel: 2274

King Fahd St. - Tel: 24113

Ghazzi St. - Tel: 40084

NEW FURNITURE

VILLA FOR RENT OR SALE

BEST LOCATION BETWEEN AIRPORT ROAD
AND SIEEN STREET WITH TELEPHONE,
SWIMMING POOL, LIVING ROOM, DINING ROOM,
THREE BED ROOMS AND SERVANT ROOM.

FOR CONTACT CALL BETWEEN 8-1 P.M.
AND 4-7 P.M. TELEPHONE 4781315/6-971, RIYADH
ANY OTHER TIME TELEPHONE 46-1695, RIYADH

VULCAN AMERICAN OVENS

Specially suited for kitchens
catering to compounds and camps.
Also for hotels and restaurants.

Choose from:
A wide range of models
Beautiful designs
Large capacity

Maintenance and spare parts
are always available.

E.A.Juffali & Bros.

SIEMENS

The right
telephone system
for every
organization

Available Now
Ex Saudi Arabian Stock

ARABIA ELECTRIC LTD

A Juffali - Siemens joint venture

Head Office: Jeddah, P.O. Box 4621-
Riyadh, P.O. Box 9510

Branch Office:
Dammam, P.O. Box 6159

Tel: 62500

Tel: 82725364

Tlx: 401864

Tlx: 202262

Branch Office: Dammam, P.O. Box 6159

Tel: 601720 "for Arabia Electric"

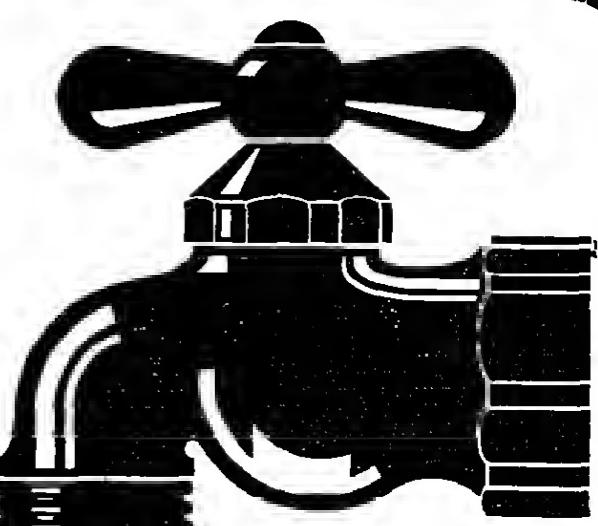


SPECIAL DISCOUNT

On the occasion of its 2nd year,
The management of JUMBO MARKET
would like to offer to its
clients the following discounts:

7% on total purchases reaching a value of S.R. 100.00
10% on total purchases that exceed an amount of S.R. 150.00

Also offers to open credit accounts for individuals and
companies for the purchase of all good stufis and supplies
and house-hold items. Welcome to the Jumbo Market
Prince Fahd St. (Sittin St.) Tel: 59381, P.O. Box 2600 Jeddah



Use water carefully

make sure YOUR
tap is not running
when not in use!

space donated by
arab news

swissair

take pleasure in announcing the

OPENING

of their new
sales/reservations office in:

AL RIYADH

NAJD BUILDING - AIRPORT ROAD,
P. O. BOX: 1343 - TEL: 4775617-4775429-4774553



Tel: 601272 DIAH SJ

Telephone 86-48555
DHARAHN AIRPORT
SAUDI ARABIA

الإثنين ١٩ ربى الأول ١٤٢٠ هـ

PAGE 12

Worldwide revolt, rebirth envisioned by Bani-Sadr

TEHRAN, Feb. 5 (Agencies) — Abolhassan Bani-Sadr has begun his term as Iran's first president by revealing a vision of a rebirth greater than Europe's renaissance.

Revolutionary Leader Ayatollah Khomeini returned Monday evening to his hospital bed, after a short ceremony in which he formally endorsed the new president.

Bani-Sadr then delivered a philosophical speech to revolutionary council members, military chiefs, theologians and foreign visitors.

"Today is a new birth, and you can be sure that this birth is something more than the

European renaissance," he was quoted as saying by the official Pars news agency.

In the middle ages Europe, rebelling to get rid of tyranny and oppression, gave predominance to the sciences over the church, the president said.

This revolution is to exalt human beings and manifest a new humanity," Bani-Sadr said, and went on to emphasize the spiritual dimension, which he said the revolution would provide.

Khomeini, speaking in a subdued voice but otherwise appearing well, made a brief speech.

"Everyone who has a task, whether spiritual or temporal, will one day be judged. Those who have a task must make sure it does not overwhelm them because this task will one day end and human beings will face God."

Civil and military authorities should not show pride, but should advance the cause of Islam, Muslim people and Iran, the revolutionary leader said.

"I wish that Bani-Sadr's character should not change with his assumption of the presidency, because change shows weakness of character."

"... And I ask that God guide all of us and keep us from a tendency to West or East, and from fear of the superpowers."

Khomeini was accompanied back to his ward by his son.

Meanwhile, the U.S. State Department said Monday it will accept no arrangement for the release of American hostages as final unless it has the personal approval of Khomeini.

Department spokesman Hodding Carter said the administration has made it clear to all intermediaries that one of the keys to a resolution of the crisis "has got to be the Ayatollah's acquiescence."

It would be "pointless" to accept any agreement without the prior approval of the Iranian religious leader, Carter said.

Carter conceded that the administration has not yet found "someone with the authority and the willingness" to serve as a negotiator for the Iranian government.

Meanwhile, NBC News quoted unidentified State Department sources Monday night as saying they understood that former U.N. Ambassador Andrew Young "is either on his way to Tehran or already has arrived there."

The report said Young was planning to meet with representatives of the Ayatollah and militants holding the Americans hostage. It said it was not known whether Young was acting on his own or under the president's authority.

But at the White House, Deputy Press Secretary Rex Graman said, "We are not aware of any plans for Young to travel to Tehran." And a senior state department official said Young was going to Nigeria and Algeria, but there was no indication his trip involved the hostages.

One State Department official, a close friend of Young, said he understood "Andy is traveling entirely in a private capacity." Young has previously visited Africa on behalf of American business. The sources asked not to be named.

Fraser, meanwhile, said the Soviet Union would regard nations competing in the Moscow Olympics as endorsers of its "invasion of Afghanistan."

Fraser, a leading backer of the U.S. stand on the Afghanistan crisis, arrived in London Friday night after conferring with President Jimmy Carter in Washington.

He had hour-long talks and a working lunch Monday with British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher — another strong supporter of a tough Western line toward the Soviets, including boycotting or switching the Moscow Olympics.

Fraser was to fly to Bonn and then Paris on Tuesday to confer with the West German and French leaders about Afghanistan.

At a news conference after meeting Thatcher, Fraser quoted from an official handbook he was said to be issued in Moscow last June which explained that the choice of Moscow for the Olympics was "universal recognition of the historical importance and correctness of our (Soviet) foreign policy."

Fraser told reporters: "The Soviets regard the Olympics in Moscow as something which endorses their system and foreign policy, and therefore something which endorses their invasion of Afghanistan."

Fraser said he hoped national Olympic committees would heed the "growing number of governments" — be estimated there are now about 40 — wanting the games moved or boycotted.

Fraser said Australia is reviewing its defense commitments since the Afghanistan intervention, and is prepared for increased obligations in the Indian Ocean "by sea or air."

Earlier Thatcher announced she would not use "oppressive methods," such as withdrawing passports, to force British athletes to stay away from Moscow.

She told a delegation of the central council of physical recreation that her Conservative Government would adopt a "step by step" approach through the British Olympic Association (BOA) and the International Olympic Committee to get the venue changed.

But BOA chairman Sir Denis Follows reiterated his cool response to Thatcher, telling her Monday there was "little or no support" in his organization for a switch from Moscow.

Follows, in a written reply to Thatcher's formal request last month that the BOA suggest the games be moved, said the IOC had no grounds for canceling its agreement with Moscow.

Ali's Africa moves leave U.S. reeling

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 (Agencies) —

Muhammad Ali's fancy footwork during his visit to Africa at the behest of U.S. President Jimmy Carter appears to have left the administration on the ropes and out of breath.

The U.S. embassy in Dar es Salaam began Monday its official report to the State Department on the former world heavyweight boxing champion's visit with the exclamation: "Whew!"

Department spokesman Hodding Carter, commenting on Ali's mission to lobby support for a boycott of the Moscow Olympics, told reporter "I think it had some positive effects."

Ali said on arrival in Tanzania that he would not have begun the trip if he had known about U.S. policy toward Africa.

Spokesman Carter said there was more to the Ali tour of five African nations than had appeared so far in news reports, adding that the American embassy in Tanzania considered Ali's visit to have been useful.

White House spokesman Jody Powell told reporters asking about the trip, "Ali is carrying forth his efforts in his own distinctively personal manner."

At Dar es Salaam, his first stop, Ali seemed surprised when local journalists asked him why Africa should support the U.S.-proposed boycott this year when Washington failed to support the African boycott of the 1976 Olympics.

A large number of African countries with-

U.S. would lose war, scientist claims

NEW YORK, Feb. 5 (API) — Dr. Edward Teller, known as the father of the hydrogen bomb, says the Soviet Union would win a nuclear exchange with the United States and the United States would be destroyed.

Teller, in a magazine interview published recently, said he believes the United States is no longer a match for the Soviet Union in advanced technology, particularly lasers.

"If we went into a nuclear war today there is practically no question that the Russians would win that war and the United States would cease to exist," Teller said.

Teller, who has been an advocate of a strong nuclear weapons system as a deterrent to nuclear war, said American scientists and engineers are not particularly eager to work on defense projects.

"I think their ethical values are confused," the 72-year-old Teller said. "War is terrible and we want to avoid it. But how do you avoid



ACCUSED: U.S. Senator Harrison A. Williams, one of the men named in the FBI probe of influence-buying in the federal government.



President Bani-Sadr

With the 50 American hostages in Tehran beginning their fourth month in captivity Monday, family members of the hostages received briefings at the State Department on the living conditions of the hostages and the prospects for their release, such briefings have been held periodically since the hostages were seized last Nov. 4. The six American diplomats who escaped Iran last week with the help of the Canadian embassy were invited to take part in the briefings but it was not clear whether all attended.

Carter acknowledged that some family members believe the government is not doing enough to end the crisis.

"Certainly there are people who at this point are so fed up after three months that they are in fact asking why we can't do more," Carter said.

Secretary of State Cyrus R. Vance, under Secretary of State David Newsom and assistant Secretary of State Harold Saunders were among the officials who briefed the family members.

Carter said the administration was hoping to indicate to the family members that the situation of the hostages is not hopeless.

He noted that 13 hostages have been released outright, that six other American diplomats escaped last week and that widespread global support for the hostages "indicates we are going to get them out."

Carter acknowledged, however, that there is "no short-term answer in sight."

"It is still a matter that's going to require the most arduous kind of negotiations and an extraordinary amount of patience," he said.

While Americans continued their vigil the Iranians condemned the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan during speeches at the Behesht Zahra Cemetery, where the dead from last year's revolution are buried.

"We support all liberation movements which are fighting for God, righteousness, justice and freedom. And again we announce our support for our Afghan Muslim brothers and severely condemn the occupation of the invaders," said Khomeini's son.

King said 32 bodies had been found in the compound and seven other prisoners were dead on arrival at local hospitals suffering overdoses of drugs. Fifteen inmates were still unaccounted for in the nation's worst prison riot since the Attica uprising in 1971 left 43 people dead in New York state.

The uprising began on Saturday morning when, officials said, two prisoners, discovered drinking liquor they had brewed themselves, attacked two guards.

And then there was that well-known Arab newspaper which hailed Jimmy Carter's first cabinet on grounds of its including that "well known enemy of Israel and Zionism, George Brown" as defense secretary. The mistake was too shocking to even acknowledge. The defense secretary was in fact Harold Brown, quite a chum of the Israelis. The newspaper in question, rightly, does not microfilm its issues for posterity.

Finally, I find myself dreaming of the scenario of what we might call the final error. A Soviet or American missile site, with the bored officer sitting at the control panel scratching himself and wondering when on earth they're going to bring his coffee. Overcome by impatience, he rings for it. He then jumps wide-eyed with horror, screaming "Oh my God, the wrong button!"

Translated from *Asharq Al Awsat*

Good Morning

By Jihad Khazen

A man decided once to give up painting for medicine. Asked why, he replied that a painter's error is there for all to see, but a medical mishap is soon buried underground.

Journalists' errors are of the painterly kind. Here at *Asharq Al Awsat* where every issue is immortalized on microfilm, many a sleepless night is spent by editors and writers whose blunders will outlive them.

I was once privileged to see the late president Lyndon Johnson lay a memorable egg. We were covering an election tour with him, and the party had made a stop at a small town. Johnson immediately started haranguing the assembled populace, declaring his devotion to their little community and his appreciation for its special problems.

All the time he spoke, an aide kept nudging him in the side. Finally he turned to the man to ask what the matter was. The aide told him that he was reciting the wrong speech. This was town Y being regarded with his love and appreciation for town X. Look into the other pocket for the right speech.

Warden Jerry Griffin said late Monday afternoon that all fires were out.

He told families of inmates and reporters that a list of the dead and injured was being prepared and said relatives of the dead were being notified.

Prisoners broke into confidential files in the prison central office, where they found the names of inmates, who had cooperated with authorities, police said. The information set off a wave of reprisals, they said.

Griffin said he could confirm only 35 deaths, conflicting with reports of 39 dead from state Governor Bruce King.

Officials said earlier that 200 maximum security prisoners already were back in one cellblock and Griffin said officers prepared to move additional prisoners into another cell-block.

He said corrections officers were classifying the prisoners carefully before moving them back inside.

"We don't want to get men in with others that could hurt them," he said. "We're trying to preserve their safety."

About 250 guardsmen stood watch over hundreds of displaced inmates who huddled in tents on the prison grounds to ward off freezing temperatures. State officials hunting a place to put them said they had better offers of help from Arizona and Colorado.

King said 32 bodies had been found in the compound and seven other prisoners were dead on arrival at local hospitals suffering overdoses of drugs. Fifteen inmates were still unaccounted for in the nation's worst prison riot since the Attica uprising in 1971 left 43 people dead in New York state.

The uprising began on Saturday morning when, officials said, two prisoners, discovered drinking liquor they had brewed themselves, attacked two guards.

And then there was that well-known Arab newspaper which hailed Jimmy Carter's first cabinet on grounds of its including that "well known enemy of Israel and Zionism, George Brown" as defense secretary. The mistake was too shocking to even acknowledge. The defense secretary was in fact Harold Brown, quite a chum of the Israelis. The newspaper in question, rightly, does not microfilm its issues for posterity.

Finally, I find myself dreaming of the scenario of what we might call the final error. A Soviet or American missile site, with the bored officer sitting at the control panel scratching himself and wondering when on earth they're going to bring his coffee. Overcome by impatience, he rings for it. He then jumps wide-eyed with horror, screaming "Oh my God, the wrong button!"

Translated from *Asharq Al Awsat*

Soames criticizes Mugabe's forces

LONDON, Feb. 5 (AP) — Lord Soames, British governor of Rhodesia, has again charged that Robert Mugabe's guerrilla forces are violating the cease-fire and intimidating voters with violence.

Interviewed by the British Broadcasting Corp. on a television show broadcast here Monday night, Soames quoted captured guerrillas as saying they received instructions to stay outside the special assembly points set up by the multinational force monitoring the month-old cease-fire in the war-torn country.

Asked if he thought Mugabe, the pro-Marxist Patriotic Front leader, was able and willing to control his forces, Soames declared: "Able — I have no doubt. Willing — I have asked him to."

Soames also criticized African nations which spearheaded a United Nations Security Council vote last week critical of Britain's handling of the forthcoming Rhodesian elections.

Delegates from African and other Third World countries are also among the Commonwealth observers now in Rhodesia.

Asked if he thought the elections slated for the end of February could truly be free and fair, Soames replied: "We are talking about Africa — and not that (big) a number of African countries actually have elections."

"But a number (of Africans) are here to look at this one...and free and fair (voting) — given the circumstances — I certainly hope it will be judged."

Meanwhile, in Salisbury, Mugabe Monday ordered all his men to check in at assembly camps "or be subject to punishment."

He also ordered his men to stop moving with their weapons in and out of the 14 assembly camps under the watch of five-nation British Commonwealth monitoring troops.

At the same time, the Zimbabwe African National Union (Patriotic Front Faction) leader proposed a meeting of all nine parties taking part in Feb. 27-29 elections to devise ways of ending mounting lawlessness and intimidation.

As a first step, Mugabe announced he would meet rival Patriotic Front guerrilla leader Joshua Nkomo on Tuesday. Nkomo, head of the smaller of the two armies, Sunday called on his forces at large to report to assemblies or face "drastic action."

Argentine eyes Soviet uranium

BUENOS AIRES, Feb. 5 (AP) — Argentina may turn to the Soviet Union and France in case the United States stops supplying enriched uranium for its research reactors, says the head of the national Atomic Energy Commission.

In an interview published Monday with the weekly news magazine, *Semanas*, Rear Admiral Carlos Castro Madero said U.S. President Jimmy Carter's administration appears inclined to change agreements signed with Argentina in 1977 for the supply of enriched uranium.

In this event, Castro Madero said, a large research reactor operating near Buenos Aires for medical purposes would be affected.

"But there is no reason to worry. The Soviet Union, and in the short term, France, would provide the necessary enriched uranium. Fortunately, we decided favour of natural uranium for our power reactors," Castro Madero said.

Argentina has abundant natural uranium deposits.

Handwritten note: "دكتور من الأهل"